**Auxiliary Spring Plant Sale**

*Our 42nd Year!*

$1.00

**Saturday, May 8 & Sunday, May 9, 2010**

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**Plant Sale Hours**

**Saturday, May 8, 9 am to 4 pm**
**Sunday, May 9, 9 am to 4 pm**

- The sale will be held at the Arboretum’s picnic shelter area near the Marion Andrus Learning Center.
- Come early for best selection.
- Bring carrying containers for your purchases—boxes, wagons, carts.
- There will be a pickup area where you can drive up and load your plants.
- We also have a few golf carts with volunteers to drive you and your plants to your car.

**Payment**

- Please assist us in maximizing our support of the MLA by using cash or checks. However, if you wish to use a credit card, we gladly accept Visa, MasterCard, Amex and Discover.

- Volunteers will make a list of your purchases which you will hand to a cashier for payment.

- Please keep your receipt as you may need to show it to a volunteer as you exit.

- There will be an Express lane for purchases of 10 items or fewer.

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Shade Perennials

Interest in Shade Gardening continues to grow as more homeowners are finding their landscapes becoming increasingly shady because of the growth of trees and shrubs. Shade plants are those that require little or no direct sun, such as those in northern exposures or under trees or in areas where the shade is blocked for much of the day. Available from us are many newly introduced plants and old favorites which can add striking foliage and appealing flowers to brighten up your shade garden, You will find Shade Perennials in the SHADE BUILDING.


ARUNCUS ‘Misty Lace’ [A. aestifolius] x A. dioicus] (Goat’s-beard)–18’-24’ Creamy-white plumes on red stems in early summer. ARUNCUS aethusfolius (Dwarf Goat’s-beard)–12’ Deep green, finely divided foliage with reddish fall color. Creamy-white flowers in early summer. Seed pods. Can take full sun if soil remains moist. ARUNCUS dioicus (Syvan Goat’s-beard)–5’-7’ Large showy panicles of white flowers to 4’ tall. Native. June-July. ARUNCUS dioicus ‘Child of Two Worlds’ (Goat’s-beard)–4’ Showy white panicles, feathery foliage. ASARUM canadense (Canada Wild Ginger)–4’-6’ Excellent ground cover with heart-shaped leaves and thick rootstock. Small reddish-brown flowers form under leaves in May. ASARUM europaeum (European Wild Ginger)–5’ An excellent ground cover for shaded situations with glossy, evergreen leaves 2’-3’. The flowers are greenish-purple or brown. Easily propagated by division. ASTILBE prefers partial shade in any moist, fertile soil. Very hearty. Beautiful plume-like heads are decorative in the winter landscape. Effective in fresh arrangements or when dried.

VE - Very Early E - Early EM - Early Mid-season M - Mid-season LM - Late Mid-season L - Late


2
BRUGERIA purpurascens [B. delavayi]—14” Dark pink to purple-red flowers. Folli- age sometimes purple especially in fall. Spring.

BRUNNERA macrophylla (Heartleaf Brunnera)—12-18” Belonging to the borage family, it bears showy small blue flowers in clusters, like those of a “Forget-me-not.” The leaves are large, heart-shaped. Deep moist soil.

BRUNNERA macrophylla ‘Jack Frost’ (Variegated False Forget-me-not)—12-18” Belonging to the borage family, it bears showy small blue flowers in clusters, like those of a “Forget-me-not.” The leaves are large, heart-shaped, and variegated. Deep moist soil.

BRUNNERA macrophylla ‘Looking Glass’ (Heartleaf Brunnera)—12-18” Belonging to the borage family, it bears showy small light blue flowers in clusters, like those of a “Forget-me-not.” The heart-shaped leaves are solid silver with green veins. More silver than B. ‘Jack Frost.’ The foliage cupus down. Deep moist soil.

CALTHA palustris (Marsh Marigold)—4-16” Bright yellow-flowered native. Found near swamps and marshes. Heart-shaped leaves, fleshy stems.

CAMPANULA ‘Hot Lips’ (Bellflower)-6-12” Large, tubular white flowers speckled with burgundy-pink.

CAMPANULA glomerata ‘Superba’ (Clustered Bellflower)-20” Rich violet bells in clusters. Good cut flower.

CHELONE glabra (White Turtlehead)-3’ White to pale pink flowers resembling a turtle’s head. Shiny rich dark green leaves. Pinch to reduce height. Does well in acid soil. Late summer.


CONVALLARIA majalis (Lily of the-valley)—8” Fragrant, white, waxy, bell-like flowers are pendant on upright spikes in June. Ground cover. Toxic.

CORYDALIS lutea (Yellow Corydalis)—8” Somewhat similar to Dicentra, it blooms from late May through Aug. Fern-like foliage with yellow flowers. Good plant for heavy shade.


DICENTRA formosa ‘Bachcanal’ (Pacific Bleeding-heart)-12” Graceful, deeply divided grey-green foliage. Dark red flower, ever-blooming from May-July.

DICENTRA formosa ‘King of Hearts’ (Pacific Bleeding-heart)-10” Ever-blooming broad rosy-pink flowers. Slightly glaucous grey-green ferny foliage. Disease free.

DICENTRA formosa ‘Luxurian’ (Pacific Bleeding-heart)-12-18” Ferny, green foliage. Cherry-red flower, ever-blooming from May-October.

DICENTRA spectabilis (Old-fashioned Bleeding-heart)-2-3’ An old favorite. Form graceful mounds of foliage with an equal spread. The pink heart-shaped flowers appear in late May and June. Well-drained soil.

DICENTRA spectabilis ‘Alba’ (Old-fashioned Bleeding-heart)-30” Similar to D. spectabilis, has lighter green foliage and pure white flowers. June.

DICENTRA spectabilis ‘Gold Heart’ (Bleeding-heart)-24” Pink flower. Unusual chartreuse foliage. A spring beauty!

DIGITALIS grandiflora (Yellow Foxglove)-3’ Yellow flowers marked brown. June-July. Toxic. Biennial or perennial.

EUONYMUS fortunei ‘Harlequin’ (Wintercreeper)-Unusual new cultivar; dark green foliage mottled with cream. Ground cover. (Truly a clinging vine or subshrub.) Needs partial shade.

EUPHORBIA dulcis ‘Chameleon’ (Spurge)-12” Yellow bracts. Folliage emerges greyish-purple, turns intense purple later. May-June.

GALIUM odoratum (Sweet Woodruff)-6” A garden favorite because of its delicate growth. 4-petaled white flowers from early May to mid-June, and sweet-scented ellipitic leaves. Excellent ground cover. Leaf has been used in wines and liqueurs.

GERANIUM maculatum (Wild Geranium, Spotted Geranium)-12-20” Violet foliage. Excellent for the border or wild garden. Rich soil and sunny to partially shady, moist locations are best. Native. May-June.


HELLEBORUS x hybridus (Lenten-rose)-PPA 2005-12-18” Dark green, leathery leaves may be evergreen. Several nodding, cup-shaped flowers in shades of purple, pink, and mauve. Good vigor. Requires cool, evenly moist but well-drained site in part shade. Toxic.

HEPATICА acutiloba ‘Louise’ (Sharp-lobed Hepatica)-6” Discovered by Louise Koehler of Owatonna, Mn. When flowers first open on this double cultivar, the outer petals are bright pink. As they age they turn pale blue. A real gem.

HEPATICА Americana (Round-lobed Hepatica)-6” Leaves with rounded lobes distinguish this species. The pale lilac to pinkish-white flowers appear very early in the spring. March to June.

HEUCHERA ‘Amethyst Mist’ (Coral Bells)-9” Tight mound of foliage. Leaves are amethyst-colored overlaid with silver tones. Insignificant flowers bloom in summer. Needs well-drained site.


HEUCHERA ‘Black Beauty’ (Coral Bells)-Blackish-red, glossy, ruffled foliage emerges from late May to late Aug. One of the darkest-leaved Coral Bells. Creamy-white flowers on 2” scapes.

HEUCHERA ‘Christa’ (Coral Bells)-8-10” Rosy-purple new foliage with peach undertones. Leaves mature to peachy-orange with a silvery sheen. Pink flowers in midsummer.

HEUCHERA ‘Citronelle’ (Coral Bells)-10” Bright lime-green foliage. Cream flowers. Late summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Crimson Curls’ (Coral Bells)-18” Deep reddish-purple leaves with curled edges. Whitish flowers in summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Ecorne’ (Coral Bells)-18” Rose-purple foliage develops silver high-lights as it ages. Creamy-white flowers in summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Citronelle’ (Coral Bells)-10” Bright lime-green foliage. Cream flowers. Late summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Frosted Violet’ (Coral Bells)-Burgundy-violet foliage with darker veins. Color pronounced in new leaves and during cool fall weather. Light pink flowers on 30” scapes. Late spring to early summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Green Spice’ (Coral Bells)-9” Grey-green leaves have silver edges and purple veins. Vigorous grower. Needs well-drained site.

HEUCHERA ‘Jade Gloss’ (Coral Bells)-18” Slate-gray foliage mottled with various shades of purple and ruby-red. Summer.


HEUCHERA ‘Miracle’ (Coral Bells)-15” Spring new growth is brick-red with chartreuse edges. Color pales to green in summer and returns to red in fall. Pink flowers in summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Mocha’ (Coral Bells)-30” One of the darkest foliaged coral bells. Very large leaves emerge bronze in spring and mature to almost black. Creamy-white flowers in summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Obsidian’ (Coral Bells)-24” Very deep purple-black foliage which lasts all season. Insignificant flower.

HEUCHERA ‘Pinot Gris’ (Coral Bells)-18” Spring foliage has an orange hue with a little silver. Leaves mature to silver with rose undertones. Creamy-white flowers in summer.


x HEUCERELLA ‘Chocolate Lace’-18” Light pink flowers. Milk chocolate-colored, lacy foliage.

x HEUCERELLA alba ‘Bridget Bloom’—Many clear pink flower spikes to 18” in both early and late summer. Good green basal foliage. Best in part shade.

IRIS cristata (Crested Iris)-3-4” Blue flower. Rhizomes creep rapidly above the ground and should not be covered. Does well in partial shade. Best of the dwarf iris. Native.


LAMIASTRUM galeobdolon ‘Silver Spangled’ (Yellow Archangel)-Newly introduced. Dense mat-like habit only inches tall and foliage that is almost entirely silver. Good spreading habit for a ground cover, hanging baskets, or containers. Yellow flowers.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Beacon Silver’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-4-6” Pink flowers. Silver leaves with narrow green edges. Ground cover for shade.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Cosmopolitan’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-4-8” Highly silvered foliage. Light pink flowers. Ground cover. Also great in containers.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Lemon Frost’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-6-8” Lime-green new growth. Lavender flowers, heart-shaped foliage. Ground cover.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Orchid Frost’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-12” Leaves with silvery centers and scalloped blue-green margins. Profusion of orchid-pink flowers.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Pink Pewter’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-6-9” Pink flowers. Ground cover.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Purple Dragon’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-12” Deep purple flowers.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Red Nancy’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-4-6” Deep rose-red flowers on silver foliage. Ground cover.

LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘White Nancy’ (Spotted Dead Nettle)-6-9” Beautiful white-flowering form of ‘Beacon Silver.’ Brightens dark locations.
SHADE PERENNIALS CONTINUED

LIGULARIA ‘Little Rocket’ (Leopard Plant)—36-42” Narrow spires of yellow flowers with dark stems. Grey-green, deeply toothed foliage creates a compact mound 18-24” tall. Mid- to late summer.


Ground cover.


LIGULARIA przewalskii (Leopard Plant)—3-4’ Spires of bright golden-yellow flowers. Deeply cut foliage, blackish stems.

LIGULARIA stenoecephala ‘The Rocket’ (Leopard Plant)—4’ Bright yellow stately trusses. Toothed foliage, purplish stems.


MINUATARIA verna [ARENARIA verna] (Irish Moss)—3” Dense mat of small, dark green, narrow leaves. Tiny white flowers. Prefers shade, protected location. Ground cover.

MITELLA diphylla (Miterwort)—12-18” Heart-shaped, irregularly toothed basal leaves. Tiny white flowers in early spring. Good ground cover in moist deciduous woods. Native.

PACHYandra terminalis ‘Silver Edge’ (Japanese Spurge)—6-8” Attractive, light green leaves with narrow silver-white edge. Good ground cover.

PHLOX divaricata (Wild Blue Phlox)—8-12” An excellent ground cover plant. Showy or lavender flowers from April to June in moist woods and rocky outcrops.

PHLOX divaricata ‘White Perfume’ (Wild Phlox)—12-15” Fragrant, starry white flowers from April to June in moist soils.

PHLOX glaberrima ‘Murris Berd’ (Smooth Phlox)—12-18” Attractive mound of smooth, shiny, deep green foliage and dark stems. Rose-pink flowers with white eyes. Prefers acid soil in full sun or light shade. Late spring to early summer.

PODOPHYLUM peltatum (Mayapple)—18” Large leaves form an umbrella over small white waxy flowers. Yellow fruits resemble a very small apple. Easily grown under trees in rich, moist soil. Will tolerate some sun.

POLEMONIUM caeruleum ‘Blue Pearl’ (Jacob’s-ladder)—12” Clump form. Erect stems with panicles of small bright blue flowers. May.

POLEMONIUM reptans (Creeping Jacob’s Ladder)—2’ China-blue bells. An attractive plant for the wild garden, may be divided after blooming. Self sows readily.

POLEMONIUM yezoense ‘Purple Rain Strain’ (Jacob’s-ladder)—24”HX18”W Large violet flowers on upright stems. Reddish-purple foliage in winter through early summer, dark stems. In summer or in shade, the leaves are green. Deadhead for rebloom.

POLYGONATUM falcatum (Solomon’s Seal)—14” White flowers.

POLYGONATUM odoratum ‘Variegatum’ (Variegated Fragrant Solomon’s Seal)—2-3’ Soft green foliage with creamy margins. Fragrant tiny, white bell flowers. May-June.

PRIMULA denticulata (Himalayan Primrose, Drumstick Primrose)—10-15” Dense clusters of flowers in lilac, violet or white appearing before the whorl of textured leaves. Early spring.

PULMONARIA ‘Majeste’ (Lungwort)—12” Lance-shaped leaves are silvery-grey with narrow green edge. Flowers open pink and age to blue. Early spring.


PULMONARIA longifolia ‘Bertram Anderson’ (Lungwort)—12” Blue flowers, narrow spotted foliage. April-June.

PULMONARIA longifolia ‘Coral Springs’ (Lungwort)—12” Pink flowers. Long lance-shaped dark green leaves with silvery blotches. May-June.

PULMONARIA longifolia ‘Diana Clare’ (Lungwort)—12” Violet-blue flowers. Large silver-speckled apple-green leaves. Do not cut back after flowering. May-June.

PULMONARIA longifolia ‘Roy Davidson’ (Lungwort, Spotted Dog)—12” Pink flowers turn sky-blue. Foliage evenly marked with silver spots. April-June.

RODGERSIA aesculifolia (Rodger’s-flower)—3-5” Bronze-tinted broad, crinkled leaves. Creamy-white to creamy-pink flowers. Very decorative plant adds texture to the landscape. Summer.

SANGUINARIA canadensis ‘Multiplex’ (Double Bloodroot)—6” This naturally-occurring, double bloodroot has not been dug from the wild; it is propagated from seed by a northern grower. White water-lily like flowers for woodland or shade garden. Prefers moist, well-drained, rich humus soil. March- May.

SENNYA hebecarpa [CASSIA hebecarpa] (Wild Senna)—3-6” Fine-textured leaves on semi-woody stems, usually dying to ground in winter. Yellow, pea-like flowers. July-Aug.

STYLOPHORUM diphyllum (Celandine Poppy)—20” Native plant in rich, moist woods. 2” golden flowers. Pendulous seed pods.

THALICTRUM dioicum (Early Meadow Rue)—2-4” Tiny white flowers with gold stamens. Native.

THALICTRUM flavum ssp. glaucum (Dusty Meadow-rue)—3-5’ Valued for the beautiful contrast between its blue-green foliage and soft creamy-yellow, fragrant flowers. Plant in rich soil for best results. Mid- to late summer.

THALICTRUM rochebrunianum ‘Lavender Mist’ (Lavender-mist Meadow-rue)—4-6’ Large masses of lavender-violet flowers with yellow stamens. Glabrous foliage. Striking! Mid-July to early Sept.

TIARELLA ‘Crow Feather’ (Foamflower)—12” Clumping habit. Deeply-lobed leaves marked with purple in centers. Leaves have dark markings in their centers. Profuse display of large, fragrant, white flowers on 12-15” spikes. Spring.

TIARELLA ‘Pink Skyrocket’ (Foamflower)—12” Clumping habit. Deeply-lobed leaves marked with purple in centers. Large heads densely packed with fragrant, pink flowers in spring.

TIARELLA ‘Spring Symphony’ (Foamflower)—10” Profusion of pink flowers. Deeply cut leaves marked with black blotch in their centers. Compact, clump-forming habit. Mid-to late spring.

TIARELLA wherryi (Foamflower)—12” Creamy pink-tinted feathery spikes in summer, heart-shaped leaves.

TRADESCANTIA ohiensis (Spiderwort)—16-40” Blue, rose, or white flowers. Mid- to dry meadows and prairies. Native. April-July.


TRICYRTIS hirta ‘Miyazaki’ (Hairy Toad-lily)—36” Tall arching stems with hairy leaves. Pale white, orchid-like flowers are spotted with purple and black. Moist, slightly acid, humus soil. Sept-Oct.

TRICYRTIS hirta ‘Moonlight’ (Hairy Toad-lily)—20” Chartreuse flowers. Tender.


TROLLIUS chinensis ‘Golden Queen’ (Globe Flower)—2” Deep orange-yellow, cup-shaped flowers. Deeply lobed and toothed leaves. May-Aug.

UVULARIA grandiflora (Great Merrybells)—1-2” Clusters of clear, lemon-yellow bells on arching stems. Woodland native. April-June.

VERONICAstrum virginicum ‘Erica’ (Culver’s-root)—3-4’ Pale pink flowers. A good background plant for the wild garden. Does well in sun or part shade, moderately acid soil. July-Aug.

VINCA minor ‘Atropurpurea’ (Periwinkle, Myrtle)—3” Dark, glossy green, evergreen foliage tending to grow in mounds. Red flowers. Tolerates dry shade. Ground cover. Late April.

VINCA minor ‘Illumination’ (Periwinkle, Myrtle)—2” Glossy variegated green and gold, evergreen foliage tending to grow in mounds. Blue flowers. Tolerates dry shade. Ground cover. Late April.

VIOLA ‘Etain’ (Violet)—8-10” Yellow flowers with lavender margins.


VIOLA septentrioinalis ‘Alba’ (Violet)—5” White flowers.

Ferns

Ferns are essential in shade gardens. They provide spectacular foliage and many different shades of green. They combine beautifully with Hosta and other shade plants and fill spaces left by early spring bulbs such as Narcissus and tulips. They are tough, long-lasting and easily grown. They are low-maintenance plants that have excellent disease and insect resistance. For optimum results, grow them in a cool location with well-drained and moisture-retentive soil. Find Ferns in the SHADE BUILDING.

ATHYRIUM ‘Branford Beauty’ (A. niponicum var. pictum x A. filix-femina) – 1-2’
Exciting purple, grey, green variegated foliage of Japanese Painted Fern with the lacy-cut lance-shaped leaves of the Lady Fern. Outstanding!

ATHYRIUM ‘Branford Rambler’ (A. niponicum var. pictum x A. filix-femina) – 1-2’
Deep green, lacy-cut fronds with red stems. Upright habit.

ATHYRIUM ‘Ghost’ (A. niponicum var. pictum x A. filix-femina) – 2-3’
Large, vigorous, showy fern with silver lacy-cut lance-shaped leaves. For fairly moist semi-shade. Upright vase-shaped habit.

ATHYRIUM filix-femina ‘Lady in Red’ (Lady Fern) – 2-3’
Large, vigorous, showy fern with lacy-cut lance-shaped leaves. Red stems hold their color all season. For fairly moist semi-shade.

ATHYRIUM niponicum var. pictum [A. georgianum] (Japanese Painted Fern) – PPA 2004– 2’
Exciting purple, gray, green variegated foliage. Perfectly hardy.

ATHYRIUM otophorum ‘Okanum’ (English Painted Fern) – 2’
Distinctive fern with pale silver fronds that mature through gold-green to dark green. Dark red stems. Prefers shady site with humus-rich loam.

MATTEUCCIA struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern) – 2’
Prefers shady site with humus-rich loam. Pale silver fronds that mature through gold. Upright habit.

OSMUNDA regalis (Royal Fern) – 2’
Deciduous.

POLYSTICHUM acrostichoides (Christmas Fern) – 18”
Evergreen lustrous tapering leaves. One of few evergreen ferns that will perform in northern garden growing conditions. Moist, well-drained soil.

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Ground Covers For Shade

You can grow something beautiful under your trees and shrubs and throughout your shady border. Some of these tough plants have interesting leaves and some have flowers. Find these useful ground covers in the “SHADE” BUILDING.

ASARUM europaeum (European Wild Ginger) .......................................................... 5”
CAREX plantagenia ‘Mountain Yodel’ (Plantain-leaved Sedge) ...................... 8-10”
EUONYMUS fortunei ‘Harlequin’ (Wintercreeper) ........................................ 6”
GALIUM odoratum ‘Sweet Woodruff’ ................................................................. 6”
LAMIASTRUM galeobdolon ‘Herman’s Pride’ (Yellow Archangel) ............. 10”
LAMIASTRUM galeobdolon ‘Silver Spangled’ (Yellow Archangel) ............. 10”
LAMIASTRUM galeobdolon ‘Herman’s Pride’ ............................................ 10”
LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Beacon Silver’ (Spotted Dead Nettle) ................. 4-6”
LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Orchid Frost’ (Spotted Dead Nettle) ..................... 12”
LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Pink Pewter’ (Spotted Dead Nettle) ..................... 6-9”
LAMIASTRUM maculatum ‘Purple Dragon’ (Spotted Dead Nettle) ............... 12”
MITELLA diphylla (Miterwort) ................................................................. 12-18”
PACHYSANDRA terminalis ‘Silver Edge’ (Japanese Spurge) ......................... 6-8”
PHLOX divaricata ‘Wild Blue Phlox’ ............................................................ 8-12”
PHLOX divaricata ‘White Perfume’ (Wild Phlox) ...................................... 12-15”
PHLOX subulata ‘Blue’ (Moss-pink) .............................................................. 6”
PHLOX subulata ‘Pink’ (Moss-pink) .............................................................. 6”
VINCA minor ‘Atropurpurea’ (Periwinkle, Myrtle) ....................................... 3”
VINCA minor ‘Illumination’ (Periwinkle, Myrtle) ........................................ 4-6”

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Summer’s Favorite Days!

Auxiliary Summer Garden Tours

Sunday, July 11
Tuesday, July 13
Wednesday, July 14

Visit four private gardens located in the western suburbs of the Twin Cities—each one glorious and original! Each tour will offer luxury air-conditioned coaches and on-board tour guides. Dine privately on the Morgan Terrace of the Snyder building at the Arboretum to the accompaniment of live harp music. Sunday tours cost $55 and include Brunch. Weekday tours include Lunch and cost $50. Space is limited and reservations are required. You can find the Registration form on the Arboretum’s Website (www.arboretum.umn.edu/auxiliary.aspx) or by calling 952-443-1453

Our 26th Year of Garden Tours!


**Sun Perennials**

Full sun perennials are those plants we most often see in the glossy gardening magazines that make our pulses run faster. They are the backbone of traditional perennial borders and cottage gardens with their riot of color, fragrance and eye-catching textures and shape. Full sun perennials are easy to grow as long as they aren’t planted in heavy clay soils which stay wet in winter and can lead to rotting. Many sun plants will tolerate some shade in the morning or late afternoon, but sun between 9 am and 3 pm is critical to their success. You will find Sun Perennials in the SUN TENT.

ACHILLEA ‘Credo’ (Yarrow)–36” Very large silvery-yellow flowers. Fragrant. Long blooming.

ACHILLEA filipendulina ‘Coronation Gold’ (Fernleaf Yarrow)–3’ Tall with 3” yellow flower clusters. Fern-like foliage. Excellent for drying.


ACHILLEA ptarmica ‘The Pearl’ (Snoweezowt)–18” Double white variety.

ACHILLEA sibirica ‘Kamtschaticum’ (Yarrow)–15”–18” Shiny, dark green, serrated foliage with clusters of large pink flowers in summer.

ADENOPHORA bulleyana (Ladybell)–4’ Spike-like racemes of pale to mid-blue nodding, funnel-shaped flowers. Late summer.


ALTHAEA anglica (Hedge Poppy)–15” Light blue flowers. Early summer bloom. Pink form also available. Good cutting flower. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade.

ANGELICA gigas (Korean Angelica)

ANCHUSA azurea (Italian Bugloss)–3’ Light blue flowers. 3” across on 3’ stalks. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade. Medium rich. well-drained soil.


ATHYRANTHUS (Rue)–2’ Fragrant white flowers. Blooms early to late summer. Light acid soil, partial shade. Native to China.

AYLMERIA japonica (Japanese Cushion Pink)–15” 4-6” high. Double white variety. Profuse blooming. Ideal for cut flowers. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade. Helps hummingbirds.

AZALEA angustifolia ‘Serenity’ (Rhododendron)–12’ Pink flower heads. New Millennium Hybrid

BARBERA aquatica ‘White Lace’ (Barberry)–12” White lace flowers. Blooms early to late summer. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade. Native to China.

BELLIS perennis (Daisy)–2-3’ Double and single pink, red, yellow, orange flowers. Ideal for cutting. Good perennials. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade. Native to Europe. Naturalized in many areas.


CACTUS (Cactus)–2’ Large flowers from January to March. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade. Native to Mexico. Naturalized in many areas.

CALYTHROPUS serrulatus ‘Prairie Lode’–6”X12”W Large orange buds open to four-petaled bright yellow flowers. A cultivar selection from a Western Plains native. CAMPANULA ‘Birch Hybrid’ (Bellflower)–[C. portenschlagiana x C. pscharskyana] 6’ Numerous, nodding, purple-blue bell-like flowers. Long bloom period from spring into summer.

CAMPANULA ‘Sarastro’ (Bellflower)–18” Long 2.5” bell-shaped purple-blue flowers on strong, upright stems. Blooms early to late summer if dead-headed regularly. CAMPANULA glomerata ‘Joan Elliott’ (Clustered Bellflower)–15”–18” Dense clusters of intense violet-blue flowers. Good cut flower. June–July.


CENTAUREA montana (Mountain Blue)–2’ Large, showy violet-blue cornflower. Blooms May until midsummer, often with a secondary bloom in September. Will spread easily in good soil.

CENTAUREA montana ‘Amethyst in Snow’ (Mountain Blue)–18”–24” Large, showy white cornflower with purple centers. Blooms May until midsummer, often with a secondary bloom in September. Will spread easily in good soil.

CENTAUREA montana ‘Gold Ballion’ (Mountain Blue)–15”X18”W Dark violet-blue cornflower with chartreuse foliage. Blooms May until midsummer. Will spread easily in good soil.

CHRYSANTHEMUM ‘Clara Curtis’ (Hardy Garden Mum)–18”–24” Hundreds of single rose-pink daisies with raised yellow centers. Fragrant. 24” spread. Aug-Sept.

CLEMATIS heracleifolia ‘China Purple’ (Tube Clematis)–30”X16”W Sprawling habit, or give it support to make a shrub form. Clusters of sweetly scented, deep purple round flowers. Dark green three-part leaves, woody near base. Native to China. Aug-Sept.

CLEMATIS recta (Ground Clematis)–2’–5’ Fragrant white flowers in clusters from June-Sept. Herbaceous perennial border plant.

CLEMATIS recta ‘Purpurea’ (Ground Clematis)–2”–5” Fragrant white flowers in clusters from June-Sept. Purplish foliage. Herbaceous perennial border plant.

COREOPSIS ‘Creme Brulee’ (Coreopsis)–15”–20” Buttery-yellow flowers. COREOPSIS ‘Pink Mariposa’ (Tickseed)–24’–30’ Canary-yellow flowers. COREOPSIS ‘Sunbeam’ (Tickseed)–18”–24” Dark golden-yellow flowers. Narrow, delicate foliage.

COREOPSIS auriculata ‘Nana’ (Tickseed)–8” Low, clump-forming dark green foliage. Bright orange flowers on 12-18” stems all summer. COREOPSIS tripters ‘Flower Tower’ (Atlantic Coreopsis)–7”–9” Oversized plant with pinnately lobed leaves and a golden-yellow flower—head of disc flowers surrounded by 6–10 ray flowers. July–Aug.

COREOPSIS verticillata ‘Golden Gain’ (Tickseed)–18”–24” Bright gold flowers. Narrow, delicate foliage.

DELPHINIUM ‘Black Eyed Angels’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–3’–5’ Frilly white flowers with black bees. Compact habit.

DELPHINIUM ‘Blue Lace’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–5’–6’ Sky blue flowers with lavender-pink tones.

DELPHINIUM ‘Double Innocence’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–5’–6’ Double white flowers.

DELPHINIUM ‘Misty Mauves’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–3’–4’ Light mauve to deep purple, double flowers. Compact habit.

DELPHINIUM ‘Morning Lights’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–3’–5’ Lavender flowers with blue accents and white bees. Compact habit.

DELPHINIUM ‘Pagan Purples’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–5’–6’ Dark blue-purple flower.


DELPHINIUM ‘Sunny Skies’ (Larkspur)–New Millennium Hybrid–5’–6’ Light to medium blue flowers with white bees.

DELPHINIUM grandiflorum ‘Blauer Spiegel’ / ‘Blue Mirror’ (Double Delphinium)–12”–18” Low, bushy, mounded habit. Single electric-blue flowers all summer. Toxic.

DIANTHUS barbatus intregerrima ‘Bouquet Purple’ (Sweet William)–12”–14” Lightly scented, profuse lavender flowers. Biennial.

DIANTHUS gratianopolitanus ‘Mountain Mist’ (Cheddar Pink)–12” Very fragrant, clove-scented smoky-pink flowers. DIANTHUS albus ‘Purpureus’ (Gasplant, Dittany)–24”–30’ Dark-veined, pink flowers. Otherwise, same as white version. June.

ECHINACEA purpurea (Purple Coneflower)–2’–3’ Has a purple disk-flower in a distinct cone-shape with rose-purple drooping ray-flowers. Can thrive in very sunny or windy sites. Black fibrous roots, coarse hairy stems. Native.

ECHINACEA purpurea ‘Fatal Attraction’ (Coneflower)–24”–30’ Vivid purple-pink flowers and purplish-black stems. From the garden of Piet Oudolf.

ECHINACEA purpurea ‘Fragrant Angel’ (Coneflower)–30” Large, fragrant flowers with non-dropping white petals and yellow-orange cones. Well-branched and long-blooming.

ECHINACEA purpurea ‘Pica Bella’ (Coneflower)—24” Bright deep pink petals and rusty red cones. Compact, strong-stemmed, and long-blooming.

ECHINACEA purpurea ‘Ruby Star’ (Ruby Star Coneflower)—40” Intense carmine-red flowers with horizontal petals.

ECHINACEA purpurea ‘Ruby Giant’ (Purple Coneflower)—30–36” Deep rose-pink flowers 5–7” in diameter. Fragrant!

ECHINACEA purpurea ‘Vintage Wine’ (Coneflower)—24” Reddish-pink, non-drooping flowers.

ECHINOPS ‘Taplow Purple’ (Globe Thistle)—3’ Globular violet-blue flower heads. ERYNGIUM planum ‘Blue Hobbit’ (Flat Sea Holly)—12” Blue flowers with spiky blue-green bracts on short stems. Dark green, leathery, heart-shaped basal leaves and blue-tinted stem leaves. Midsummer to early autumn.


EUPHORBIA polychroma [E. epithyoides] (Cushion Euphorbia)—12” A perennial growing into a dense clump. Spreads slowly. Yellow bracts in early spring. Soft green foliage turns bright red in fall. FILIPENDULA kamschtatica (Kamtchatka Meadowssweet)—8–10’ White flowers.


FILIPENDULA ulmaria ‘Aurea’ (Queen-of-the-Meadow)—2–3’ Foliage emerges warm yellow then turns to creamy-yellow in spring. Later becomes pale green. Creamy-white flowers. June-July.


GAILLARDIA aristata ‘Arizona Sun’ (Blanket Flower)—8–10” Large, 3” dia. mahogany-red flowers with bright yellow petal edges. Blooms continuously all summer.

GERANIUM ‘Brookside’ (Cranesbill)—12–18” Large, cup-shaped, purple-blue flowers have dark purple veins and white centers. Compact habit and long summer bloom period.

GERANIUM ‘Nimbus’ (Cranesbill)—18–24” Deep lavender-blue flower.

GERANIUM ‘Orion’ / Johnson’s Blue Elite’ (Cranesbill)—18–24” Large purplish-blue flowers with distinct violet dark petals. Foliage turns red and burgundy in fall. Compact habit and very long summer bloom period.

GERANIUM ‘Rozanne’ (Cranesbill)—2008 PPA—20’Hx24’W Large, cup-shaped, violet-blue flowers have white centers. Mounds of slightly marbled, deep green foliage turns reddish-brown in fall. Better heat tolerance than similar varieties. Shear to 3” to rejuvenate. Prefers moist, organic soils. Blooms early summer to frost.


GERANIUM sanguineum var. striatum (Blood-red Cranesbill)—6–8” Salmon-pink flowers with darker veins. Prostrate grower. May-Sept.

GERANIUM x cantabriicense ‘Bikiovo Karmina’ (Cranesbill)—9” Deep pink flowers. Lovely succession of bloom. Valuable for border or ground cover. June-July.

GERANIUM x cantabriicense ‘Bikiovo’ (Cranesbill)—12” White petals with tinge of pink. Lovely succession of bloom. Valuable for border or ground cover. June-July.

GYPSOPHILA repens ‘Rosea’ (Creeeping Baby’s breath)—5” Pink flowers. Creeping ground cover. June-July.

HELianthus ‘Lemon Queen’ (Sunflower)—6’ Lemon-yellow flowers. Clump forming selection. Late summer.

HEUCHERA ‘Stormy Seas’ (Coral Bells)—Dark purple ruffled leaves with tints of silver and lavender; bright purple reverse. Vigorous grower.


HIBISCUS ‘Old Yella’ (Common Rose Mallow)—42” Pale yellow, dinner plate-sized flowers are thickly textured and slightly ruffled. Vase-like form. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.


HIBISCUS moschatus ‘Anna Arundel’ (Common Rose Mallow)—4–5’ Pink flowers, 9” dia. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

HIBISCUS moschatus ‘Blue River II’ (Common Rose Mallow)—5” Large white flowers 5–6” in dia. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

HIBISCUS moschatus ‘D disco Bella Pink’ (Common Rose Mallow)—20-30’Hx24’W Huge, 9” dia. white flowers on compact plants. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

HIBISCUS moschatus ‘D disco Bella White’ (Common Rose Mallow)—20-30’Hx24’W Huge, 9” dia. white flowers on compact plants. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

HIBISCUS moschatus ‘Fantasia’ (Common Rose Mallow)—3’ Large 8-9” dia. lavender flowers, ruffled. Compact habit. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

HIBISCUS moschatus ‘Lord Baltimore’ (Common Rose Mallow)—5’ Large, well-defined pink flowers with satiny red center. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.


HIBISCUS moschatus ‘Luna White’ (Common Rose Mallow)—2–3’ White flowers. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

HIBISCUS moschatus ‘Sweet Caroline’ (Common Rose Mallow)—4–6” Slightly ruffled, light pink flowers with darker veins and eyezone. Prefers moist soil. Late to emerge in spring. Aug-Sept.

INULA ensifolia (Swordleaf Inula)—16” Compact plants with yellow daisy-like flowers. Summer.

**NOTe that all IRIS are located for sale just outside the SUN TENT.**


IRIS sibirica ‘Billy Mac’ (Siberian Iris)—3’ Blue flower with darker edges.

IRIS sibirica ‘Chartreuse Bounty’ (Siberian Iris)—38’ Creamy-white standards veined with pale green and chartreuse falls.

IRIS sibirica ‘Dancing Nanou’ (Siberian Iris)—30–36” Large blue-violet flower. Blue-green foliage. Mid- to late June.

IRIS sibirica ‘Dreaming Spires’ (Siberian Iris)—36” Lavender standards with purple-blue falls.

IRIS sibirica ‘Flight of Butterflies’ (Siberian Iris)—33” Violet-blue. Butterfly wing pattern on falls.

IRIS sibirica ‘Gull’s Wing’ (Siberian Iris)—36” One of the best white Siberian Irises. Late season.

IRIS sibirica ‘Jamaican Velvet’ (Siberian Iris)—24–30” Velvety red-violet flower.

IRIS sibirica ‘Pink Haze’ (Siberian Iris)—36–42” Lavender-pink flower with good form and substance. Mid-season.

IRIS sibirica ‘Ruffled Velvet’ (Siberian Iris)—24” Velvety violet flower, darker falls.

IRIS sibirica ‘Shirley Pope’ (Siberian Iris)—30–36” Deep purple-red flower with velvety texture, ruffled, and white blaze in center. Mid- to late season.

IRIS sibirica ‘Silver Edge’ (Siberian Iris)—30” Ruffled, violet-blue flowers with darker falls. Distinct silver edges on falls. Early to mid-season.

IRIS sibirica ‘White Swirl’ (Siberian Iris)—40” Ivory-white self, gold on halfts.

KALIMERIS incisa ‘Blue Star’ (Orphanage Plant)—2-3’ Pale blue daisy-like flowers. Will often rebleom if cut back after first bloom.

KALIMERIS integroflora—24” White daisy-like flowers.

KNAUTIA macedonica—24’ White daisy-like flowers.

LAECANTHEMUM ‘Becky’ (Daisy)—PPA 2003–3’ Long lasting, large 2 1/2-3” dia. single white flower. Mid-late summer.

**Sun Perennials Continued**

LIATRIS pycnostachya 'Eureka' (Blazing Star, Kansas Gayfeather) – 5’ Reddish-purple flowers are crowded on the erect stem. Long lasting flowers. Selected from a wet prairie native.

**NOTE that all Lilium are located for sale just outside the SUN TENT.**

LILIUM ‘Albany’ (Lily) – 32–40’ Cream flower with red center.

LILIUM ‘Black Beauty’ (Lily) – 48’ Red edged with white.

LILIUM ‘Grand Paradiso’ (Lily) – 44’ Bright red flower.

LILIUM ‘Ivory Pixie’ (Lily) – 18’ Ivory-white flower.

LILIUM ‘New Wave’ (Lily) – 40’ Pure white flower with slightly spotted center.

LILIUM ‘Partner’ (Lily) – 18’ Clear-red flower.

LILIUM ‘Pimento’ (Lily) – 15–18’ Purple-red flower with white edges.

LILIUM ‘Star Gazer’ (Lily) – 24–30’ Crimson with white edges.

LILIUM asiatica ‘Girondie’ (Lily) – 36’ Clear golden-yellow flower.

LILIUM orientale ‘Starfighter’ (Lily) – 36–48’ Crimson with white edges.


LOTUS corniculatus ‘Plenus’ (Double Birds-foot Trefoil) – 4–10’ Double yellow flowers, oranges, reds.


LUPINUS ‘The Chatelaine’ (Lupine) – 36–40’ Bicolored, pink and white flower.


LYSIMACHIA ciliata ‘Firecracker’ (Loosestrife) – 24–36’ Nodding, clear, light yellow star-shaped flowers.


MONARDA ‘Blaustrumpf’ / ‘Blue Stocking’ (Bee-balm) – 3’ Deep violet-purple flowers.

MONARDA ‘Coastal Reef’ (Bee-balm) – 30–36’ Neon coral-pink flowers.

MONARDA ‘Dark Ponticum’ (Bee-balm) – 3’ Rich purple flowers.

MONARDA ‘Jacob Cline’ (Bee-balm) – 4’ Large red flowers. Vigorous. Mildew resistant.


MONARDA didyma ‘Marshall’s Delight’ (Bee-balm) – 2–3’ Medium pink flowers. Mildew resistant.


NEPETA sibirica ‘Souvenir d’André Chaudron’ [N. s. ‘Blue Beauty’] (Catmint) – 18’ A rapid spreader, it will produce a profusion of lavender-blue 1 1/2’ flowers. June–Sept.


OEONOTHERA macrocarpa ‘Comanche Campfire’ (Ozark Sundrops, Missouri Primrose) – 12–15’ Large, fragrant, lemon yellow goblets on ruby-red stems. Shiny, silver, drought resistant foliage. Summer to fall. A cultivar selection from a Western Plains native.


PERSICARIA amplexicaulis ‘Pink Elephant’ (Fleece Flower) – 3–4’ Pink flowers.
Sedum Bertram Anderson’ (Stonecrop)—6” Small, rounded smoky purple leaves. Dusky pink flowers. Improved S. ‘Vera Jameson,’ with darker foliage color and tighter, more sturdy habit. Late summer.

Sedum Carl’ (Stonecrop)—15-20” Sturdy upright habit. Rich grey-green foliage. Leaf margins and stems echo the flower color at bloom time. Bright pink flowers. Late summer to fall.


Sedum spectabile ‘Neon’ (Stonecrop)—15” Pulpish flowers.


Sedum telephium ‘Xenox’ (Stonecrop)—15-18” Dusky blue-green foliage with rosy edges matures to burgundy in summer. Ruby-red buds open to soft pink flowers in August-September. Strong, upright stems.

Sedum x ‘Herbstfreude’ / ‘Autumn Joy’ (Stonecrop)—18-24” Rich mauve heads, aging to coppery in fall. 18” mound of light green foliage that looks great throughout the season.

Silphium perfoliatum (Cup Plant, Cup Rosinweed)—4-8’ Yellow daisy-like flowers with leaf-pairs that form cups around the square stems. Found in wet prairies, woods, and stream banks. July-Sept.


Stachys byzantina ‘Helene von Stein’ (Lamb’s-ears)—8-10” Huge grey-green, fuzzy leaves. Clump-forming. Good ground cover or front of the border subject. Tolerates hot weather.


Stachys byzantina ‘Matrona’ (Lamb’s-ears)—18” Dusky blue-green foliage with rosy edges matures to burgundy in summer. Ruby-red buds open to soft pink flowers in August-September. Strong, upright stems.

Stachys byzantina ‘Vera Jameson,’ with darker foliage color and tighter, more sturdy habit. Late summer.

Stachys byzantina ‘Rosea’ (Lamb’s-ears)—3’ Ferny leaf texture and clustered yellow button-flowers. Excellent cut or dried flower heads. Bold plant that can be invasive. July-Sept.

Stachys byzantina ‘White Jolanda’ (Lamb’s-ears)—3’ Ferny leaf texture and clustered yellow button-flowers. Excellent cut or dried flower heads. Bold plant that can be invasive. July-Sept.

Stachys byzantina ‘X hummel’ (Lamb’s-ears)—12-18” Creamy yellow variegated foliage. Creamy-yellow flowers. Good ground cover for sun or shade.

Stachys byzantina ‘Vera Jameson’, with darker foliage color and tighter, more sturdy habit. Late summer.

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Symphytum grandiflorum ‘Isla Gold’ (Comfrey)—3’ Ferny leaf texture and clustered yellow button-flowers. Excellent cut or dried flower heads. Bold plant that can be invasive. July-Sept.

Symphytum grandiflorum ‘Hidcote Variegated’ (Comfrey)—3’ Ferny leaf texture and clustered yellow button-flowers. Excellent cut or dried flower heads. Bold plant that can be invasive. July-Sept.

Symphytum grandiflorum ‘Goldsmith’ (Large-flowered Comfrey)—12-18” Creamy yellow variegated foliage. Creamy-yellow flowers. Good ground cover for sun or shade.

Symphytum grandiflorum ‘Hidcote Variegated’ (Comfrey)—12” Creamy-yellow variegation along edges of glabrous green leaves. Light blue flower. Useful ground cover under shrubs, even in dry shade. Early spring.

Tanacetum ‘Robinson’s Red’ (Painted Daisy)—18-24” Scarlet flower with yellow center.

Tanacetum vulgare ‘Isla Gold’ (Fern-leaf Tansy)—3’ Ferny leaf texture and clustered yellow button-flowers. Excellent cut or dried flower heads. Bold plant that can be invasive. July-Sept.

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**Rock Garden Perennials**

If you haven’t caught rock gardening fever, it’s only a matter of time before you are seeking out those buns, cushions and other compact plants that delight and inspire. We offer many varieties to plant in a small trough, a rock wall, a raised bed, or a large mound in a natural or gardener-made rock formation. Use them to create a miniature or fairy garden. All they require is excellent drainage and most like full sun exposure.

Rock Garden plants are located in the SUN TENT.

- **ACHILLEA tomentosa ‘Aurea’** (A. t. ‘Maynard’s Gold’) (Woolly Yarrow)–6-12”
- **ALLIUM senescens var. glaucum**–4-8” 
- **ARMERIA maritima ‘Bloodstone’** (Sea Pink, Thrift)–8”
  - Long-flowering dark rose-red flowers in mid- to late spring.
- **ARMERIA maritima ‘Nifty Thrifty’** (Thrift, Sea Pink)–6-8”
  - Low rosettes of cream and green variegated foliage. Pink ball-shaped flowers from late spring to early summer. Grows well in well-drained rock garden.
- **BELLS’ ‘Habenera Mix’**–8”
  - Large red, pink, and white very double flowers on compact plants. Early spring.
- **CAMPANULA carpatica ‘Blue Clips’** / ‘Blue Clips’ (Carpathian Bellflower)–8”
- **CAMPANULA carpatica ‘Pearl Deep Blue’** (Carpathian Bellflower)–8”
- **CAMPANULA carpatica ‘Weisse Clips’** / ‘White Clips’ (Carpathian Bellflower)–8-12”
- **CLEMATIS Columbia** var. tenufolia (Rock Clematis)–6”x12-15”W
- **DELPHINIUM grandiflorum ‘Butterfly Compacta’** (Larkspur)
  - Mounding habit. Small, blue flowers. Good for rock gardens.
- **DIANTHUS x allwoodii ‘Little Blue Boy’** (Allwood Pink)
  - Small, umbrelliform flowers. Good for rock gardens.
- **DIANTHUS ‘Habanera Mix’**
  - Pink, red, and white very double flowers on compact plants. Early summer.
- **DIANTHUS ‘Little Blue Boy’** (Allwood Pink)–6-8”
  - Single white blooms with pink centers on silvery-blue mats. May-June.
- **ERYSIDUM nivale ‘Mountain Magic’** (Wallflower)–4-8”
- **GENTIANA septemfida var. lagodechian (Gentian)–6-8”x12”W
  - Intense blue flowers on this easily grown, fall blooming gentian. For border, rock, and wild gardens.
- **JOVIBARBA hirta** ss. arenaria **[SEMPERVIVUM arenarium]** (Miniature Hens-and-chickens)–Tiny green rosettes only 1/4” to 3/4” across. Needs well-drained site.
- **LEPTINELLA squillata ‘Platt’s Black’**–Tiny, almost black leafed, ferny foliage with minute white button-like flowers. Good ground cover or rock garden plant.
- **PETRORHAGIA saxifraga ‘Rosette’** [TUNICA saxifraga] (Tunicflower)–3”x6”
  - Pale pink, double flower. Forms neat low mound. Blooms all summer.
- **SAPONARIA x oliviana (Soapwort)**–[S. pumila x S. caespitosa hybrid]–2-3” dia.
- **SEDA ‘Jelly Beans’** (Stoncrop)–1-3”
  - White flowers.
- **SEDA ‘Twilight Blues’** (Stoncrop)–4-6”
  - Lavender-green foliage with purple tips.
- **SEDA cauticola ‘Lidakense’** (Stoncrop)–12”
  - Purplish foliage. Site.
- **SEDA kamtschaticum (Stoncrop)**–4”
  - Star-shaped deep golden flowers open from pink buds. Glossy, deep green leaves. Spreads to 10” wide. Late summer.
- **SEDA nuprestre ‘Angelina’** (Stoncrop)–3-6”
  - Bright yellow flowers in midsummer.
- **SEDA spumum ‘Fuldaglut’** / ‘Glowing Fire’ (Two-row Stoncrop)–3-6”x12”W
  - Rose-red flowers above bronze foliage.
- **SEDA spumum ‘John Creech’** (Caucasian Stoncrop)–4”x10”W
  - Small, scalloped, evergreen leaves. Pink flowers in mid- to late summer.
- **SEDA spumum ‘Royal Pink’** (Two-row Stoncrop)–4”x24”W
  - Bright pink flowers. SEMPERVERVUM calceatum ‘Mrs. Giuseppi’ (Hens-and-chickens)–4” dia. Rosettes.
  - Grey-blue leaves with eye-catching triangular tips dipped in rich maroon.
- **SEMPERVERVUM calcareae monstrosum ‘Red Tips’** (Hens-and-chickens)–Green rosettes with red tips.
- **STACHYS byzantina ‘Silky Fleece’** (Beton)–2”
  - Woolly foliage forms low cushions. Lilac-plum flowers on 10” stems. Ground cover.
- **VERONICA x ‘Giles Van Hees’** (Speedwell)–Compact form. 6” spikes of clear pink. Foliage mat hags ground tightly. June-July.

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**Minnesota Water Garden Society**

The Minnesota Water Garden Society will be on hand to answer your questions about creating or maintaining a water garden in your landscape. A large variety of marginal and water plants, including hardy and tropical waterlilies and lotus will be for sale. They will also feature for sale ornamental goldfish, multicolored shubunkin and koi, and beautiful artwork for indoor and outdoor display. With the exception of the Minnesota natives, plant these plants ONLY in a manmade, contained body of water that is not connected to a natural water system. Do not plant non-native water plants in a native aquatic system. Non-natives can become invasive and crowd out native plants which provide food and shelter for our native wildlife. You'll find the MN Water Garden Society in front of the HERB BUILDING.

**Fish** (sizes 3-4”, 4-6”, 6-10” and larger)
- Koi
- Shubunkin
- Goldfish

**Hardy Bog Plants**

- **ACORUS calamus variegates** – Variegated Sweet Flag
- **ALISMA plantago aquatic** – Water Plantain
- **Caltha palustris** – Minnesota Native Marsh Marigold
- **Equisetum fluviatile** – Minnesota Native Water Horsetail
- **Iris versicolor** – Minnesota Native Blue Flag Iris
- **Menyanthus trifoliate** – Bog Bean
- **Oenathe- Water Celery
- Oenathe javinica ‘flamingo’ – Variegated Water Celery
- **Pontederia cordata** – Minnesota Native Pickerel Rush
- **Sagittaria latifolia** – Minnesota Native Arrowhead
- **Typha laxmannii** – Graceful Cattail
- **Typha minima** – Miniature Cattail
- **Typha augustifolia** – Narrow-Leaf Cattail

**Hardy Water Plants**

- **Nelumbo ‘Tulip’** - Lotus
- **Nelumbo ‘Chawan Basu’** - Lotus
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Barbara Dobbins’** – Pink Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Colorado’** – Peach Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Chromatella’** – Yellow Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘James Brydon’** – Red Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Marlician Camelian’** – White Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Mayla’** – Deep Pink Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Perry’s Baby Red’** – Small Red Water Lily
- **Nymphoides peltata** – Floating Heart – Yellow flowers, miniature lily-like pads

**Tropical Bog/Water Plants**

- **Alocasia macrorrhiza** – Giant Taro
- **Canna ‘King Humbert’**
- **Canna ‘Erebus’**
- **Canna ‘Bengal Tiger’**
- **Canna ‘Black Knight’**
- **Cyperus alternifolius** – Umbrella Palm
- **Cyperus alternifolius ‘Nanus’** – Dwarf Umbrella Palm
- **Colocasia – Taro (various)**
- **Egeria densa**
- **Elodea canadensis**
- **Eichhornia crassipes** – Water Hyacinth
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Director George T. Moore’** – Purple/Blue Tropical Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Jack Wood’** – Pink Tropical Water Lily
- **Nymphaeaceae ‘Electra’** – Blue Tropical Water Lily
- **Thalia dealbata** – Thalia
- **Zantedeschia aethiopica** – Giant Calla Lily
One of the most popular perennials available, Daylilies have been cultivated since Roman times. There are thousands of cultivars in nearly every color except blue. Low maintenance, they will grow in just about any soil with no serious pests. Excellent for borders or mass plantings. Careful selection will provide you with blossoms spring to fall. Daylilies are found outside on the west side of the “SUN” TENT.

VE - Very Early, E - Early, EM - Early Mid-season, M - Mid-season, LM - Late Mid-season, L - Late.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Bitty' (Daylily)--18” Repeat bloomer. Small bright lemon-yellow trumpets. Starts blooming end of May and blooms intermittently all summer.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Bodacious Returnus' (Daylily)--18-24” Gold flower. Reblooming. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Boutonniere' (Daylily)--38” Red-orange flower. LM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Carey Quinn' (Daylily)--30” Red flower with gold throat. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Chicago Amie’s Choice' (Daylily)--28” Violet-purple flower with a small yellow eye and green throat. Pink midrifs. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Chicago Gold Strike' (Daylily)--30-36” Orange-gold flower. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Chicago Pictotee Lace' (Daylily)--21” Cream blend flower with a raspberry eye and yellow throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Chicago Royal Robe' (Daylily)--25” Plum-purple flower with a green throat. Semi-evergreen foliage. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Cinnamon Roll' (Daylily)--30” Bright yellow flower, brushed with cinnamon on the inside. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'College Try' (Daylily)--38” Red flower with a dark halo. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Dance Ballerina Dance' (Daylily)--28” Peach-pink, glistens. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Devon Cream' (Daylily)--39” Creamy-yellow flower. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Dewey Fresh' (Daylily)--24” Lemon-yellow flower. ML.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Dorothy Lambert' (Daylily)--32” Pink flower with mauve eyezone. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Eenie Weenie' (Daylily)--10” Low growing variety for edging or mass planting. Long blooming season and may repeat. Yellow flowers. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Etched in Gold' (Daylily)--20” Pink flower with gold edges. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Fairy Tale Pink' (Daylily)--24” Pastel pink blooms with round form and ruffled petals. Slightly deeper pink veins and glowing yellow throat with apple-green base. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Grape Velvet' (Daylily)--24” Wonderful rich grape color for the perennial garden. Not widely available or known by most gardeners. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Happy Returnus' (Daylily)--18” Repeat bloomer. Consistent re-blooming variety for the North. Flowers later than its parent ‘Stella d’Oro.’ However, it is proving to be just as good a landscape plant. A true lemon-yellow. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Heady Wine' (Daylily)--22” Creamy flower with a wine-red eye and green throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Hyperion' (Daylily)--48” Very fragrant lemon-yellow self. EM

HEMEROCALLIS 'Ice Carnival' (Daylily)--28” Near white flowers, green throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Illini Model' (Daylily)--36” Dark red flower. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Island Forest' (Daylily)--22” Pink flower, veined darker. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Jupiter' (Daylily)--26” Lavender-pink flower with rose-pink eyezone and green throat. Reblooms. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Late Thrill' (Daylily)--24” Pink flower with cream throat. Re-blooming. LM

HEMEROCALLIS 'Lemon Lace' (Daylily)--32” Lemon-yellow flower. Very fragrant. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Little Grapette' (Daylily)--18” Deep grape-purple flower with a deeper purple band around a chartreuse throat. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Louise Manelis' (Daylily)--18” Shrimp-pink flower with apricot throat. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Lusty Lealand' (Daylily)--28” Elegant 6 1/4” dia. flower. Red self, green-yellow throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Marvelous Companion' (Daylily)--33” Canary-yellow self. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Mary Todd' (Daylily)--26” Heavily ruffled, 6” dia. bright yellow flower with good substance. This older introduction is a great performer. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'May Graham' (Daylily)--26” Pink flower. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Mini Stella' (Daylily)--12” Repeat bloomer. Floriferous throughout the summer. More yellow than ‘Stella d’Oro’ and more dwarf in stature. Excellent foliage. VE.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Naomi Ruth' (Daylily)--30” Apricot-pink self with green throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Pink Lemonade' (Daylily)--24” Lemon-pink flower. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Pink Puff' (Daylily)--21” Pink flower with a yellow halo. Slight fragrance. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Pixie Beauty' (Daylily)--16” Pink flower with white edge. Repeat bloomer. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Prairie Blue Eyes' (Daylily)--28” Lavender flowers. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Prairie Moonlight' (Daylily)--34” Creamy-yellow flowers. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Raindrop' (Daylily)--12” Yellow flowers. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Red Volunteer' (Daylily)--30” Red flower with golden-yellow throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Rocket City' (Daylily)--36” Bittersweet-orange flower with burnt-orange eye. Lighter orange-yellow throat and midrifs. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Rosy Returns' (Daylily)--14” Bright rose-pink flower with deep rose eye and yellow throat. Blooms consistently from June until frost. E.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Ruffled Apricot' (Daylily)--28” Apricot-orange flower with paler midrifs and a deep golden-orange throat. Fragrant, large flowers with heavy substance. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Russian Rhapsody' (Daylily)--Violet-purple flower.

Reblooming M

HEMEROCALLIS 'Siloam June Bug' (Daylily)--23” Gold flower with maroon eye, green throat. EM.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Stella de Oro' (Daylily)--11” Starts blooming in June and continues throughout the summer if seed pods are removed and if grown in rich, fertile soil. Golden-yellow flowers.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Strutter’s Ball' (Daylily)--28” Dark black-purple, 6” dia. flower. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Vivacious' (Daylily)--20” Silver-rose flower with a chartreuse throat. M.

HEMEROCALLIS 'Winsome Lady' (Daylily)--20-24” True blush pink with lighter midrifs. One of the nicest pinks on the market. Rapid increaser. E.
**Paeonia (Peony)**

The peony is a true "queen" of the garden. Peonies are easy to grow, preferring full sun & rich well-drained soil. They are excellent in the border, as a hedge or as an accent plant. Do not plant too deeply or fertilize too heavily, as this may cause non-blooming. Plant the eyes no deeper that 2” below soil level. Use a sturdy hoop to provide the needed support for the taller varieties. **Peonies are found outside on the east side of the HERB BUILDING.**

**VE—Very Early, E—Early, EM—Early Mid-season, M—Mid-season, LM—Late mid-season, L—Late.**

- **PAEONIA 'Abalone Pearl'** (Peony)—Semi-double. Delicate coral-pink flowers with golden centers. Slightly fragrant. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Aerie'** (Peony)—Semi-double. White, rainfast flower. Medium green foliage. Prolific bloomer. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Alicia Kunkel'** (Peony)—30” Lavender-rose with rose/yellow center. Well formed hedge type. Free flowering. 6” flower set low to foliage on stiff stems. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Angel Cheeks'** (Peony)—Bomb type. Soft flesh-pink flower with a narrow collar of pale yellow. Fragrant. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Audrey'** (Peony)—Semi-double. Blush flowers. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Bartzella'** (Peony)—24-32” Semi-double. Large lemon-yellow flowers with soft red center. Upright flowers. This cross between an herbaceous and a tree peony will tolerate some shade. E to M.
- **PAEONIA 'Bouquet Perfect'** (Peony)—24” Small, bright pink, solid color, anemone-type blooms. Flowers 4-5”. Red-tipped stamens. Strong stems. Slight fragrance. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Buckeye Belle'** (Peony)—Japanese type. Dark red flower, becomes almost chocolate-colored in cool years. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Carefree'** (Peony)—Japanese type. Medium red flower. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Carrara'** (Peony)—36” Japanese type. All parts white, strong stems. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Coraa Louise'** (Peony)—24-32” Semi-double. White flowers with striking deep lavender petals. Slightly fragrant. E to M.
- **PAEONIA 'Coral Charm'** (Peony)—Semi-double salmon flower. E.
- **PAEONIA 'David Harum'** (Peony) Double light crimson flower. Good cut flower. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Do Tell'** (Peony)—Japanese type. Soft pink flower with rose center. Pleasing color combination. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Douglas Brand'** (Peony)—Brilliant, full double red flowers on strong stems. Flowers 9-10” dia. All-time best peony for midwest gardens. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Edward F. Flynn'** (Peony)—Double, brilliant dark red. Compact plant. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Eliza Lundy'** (Peony)—Double. 24” plant with fully double deep maroon-red flowers. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Ella Christiansen'** (Peony)—Double, medium pink, fragrant flowers. Good cut flower. L.M.
- **PAEONIA 'Elsa Sass'** (Peony)—Double. Creamy-white flowers. One of the best double whites ever introduced. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Elise Picket'** (Peony)—Double. Dark pink flowers. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Fairyr Princess'** (Peony)—Single. True red petals surround yellow stamens. Holds up to the rain. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Fantastic'** (Peony)—Japanese type. Rose-pink outer petals surround full yellow center. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Faribo Gold'** (Peony)—A tall, showy white Japanese type. Brilliant yellow center surrounded by white guard petals. Excellent grower. Holds up in the rain. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Fern Leaf' [PAEONIA tenuifolia] (Peony)—Rare. Crimson double flowers on bright green, fern-like foliage. Preferences lighter soil. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Festiva Maxima'** (Peony)—Double, fragrant, white flowers with prominent crimson flakes on central petals. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Friendship'** (Peony)—Single, bright pink flower edged in white. A floriferous hybrid short in stature. Blooms before most garden peonies. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Guy Paree'** (Peony)—Japanese type. Cerise-pink outer guard petals surround a creamy-white center. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Golden Dawn'** (Peony)—Anemone type. Yellow center surrounded by outer ivory-white petals. Fragrant. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Green Lotus'** (Peony)—28” Single. White flowers with streaks of lime-green and soft pink highlights. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Henry Sass'** (Peony)—Double. Large pure white flowers. LM.
- **PAEONIA 'June Rose'** (Peony)—Double. Purplish-pink flower whose outer petals acquire a silvery cast as they age. Slight fragrance. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Kansas'** (Peony)—30” Double. Large, brilliant, clear red. Strong stems. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Krinkled White'** (Peony)—Large single flower opens delicate pink soon turns pure white. Petals are crinkled like crepe paper. Excellent cut flower. LM.
- **PAEONIA 'Loretta Frank'** (Peony)—Single. Dark pink flower. Medium-size plant with stiff stems. It is a good bloomer and keeps well when cut. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Madame de Verneville'** (Peony)—Double. White flower with a blush center. Very fragrant. Ld.
- **PAEONIA 'Mischief'** (Peony)—Single. Apple blossom shades of pink, graceful in form and carriage. Remains attractive as the blooms age. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Missie's Blush'** (Peony)—Double. Blush flowers may fade to white. Very fragrant. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Monnie Jules Elie'** (Peony)—Double. Light rose-pink flower with a silvery sheen. Moderate fragrance. One of the best varieties for cutting. E.
- **PAEONIA 'MRS. E.J. Friesen'** (Peony)—Double. Large, medium pink flower with double foliage. LM.
- **PAEONIA 'Myra MacRae'** (Peony)—Double. A lovely lavender-pink, large flower of 8-9” dia. One of the last to come into bloom. Matures into one of the largest on the market. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Myrtle Gentry'** (Peony)—Blush colored double flower with distinctive fragrance. Shades of white suffused with salmon and pink. LM.
- **PAEONIA 'Myrtle Tischler'** (Peony)—36-38” A large flower of excellent deep rose-pink color. Blooms 9-10” dia. Tall stiff stems that can carry this large, flat bloom. Blooms are fully double and the foliage is bright green. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Nick Shaylor'** (Peony)—Double. Large, flesh-pink flower with markings of a deeper rich pink. Dark green foliage. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Nippon Beauty'** (Peony)—Japanese type. One of the best deep-red Japanese peonies. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Nippon Gold'** (Peony)—Japanese type. Medium pink, narrow, wrinkled outer guard petals surround finely divided, golden-yellow staminodes. Long-lasting blooms. M to L.
- **PAEONIA 'Norma Volz'** (Peony)—Double. Very large white flowers with a pink blush. Strong stems, dark green foliage. Fragrant. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Nosegay'** (Peony)—Single. Soft salmon-pink flower. Low growing. VE.
- **PAEONIA 'Paul M. Wild'** (Peony)—Double. Large, full double red flower which retains its color in the heat. Medium height, strong stems. M to L.
- **PAEONIA 'Paula Fay'** (Peony)—Semi-double. Radiant rose-pink flowers that open well, dark foliage. A tidy garden plant. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Pink Hawaiian Coral'** (Peony)—Semi-double. Coral flower with delicate yellow stamens. Fragrant. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Priaam'** (Peony)—Double. Deep rich red flowers. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Raspberry Sundae'** (Peony)—Bomb type. Cool pink outer petals with creamy-white center ball and raspberry-pink over the top. Fragrant. M to L.
- **PAEONIA 'Red Charm'** (Peony)—One of the top hybrid peonies in the country. A true red with perfectly formed, bright, shapely flowers. Stiff stems hold blooms erect. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Requiem'** (Peony)—Single. White flowers with a hint of pink when first open. Spicy fragrance. Very dark foliage. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Sarah Bernhardt'** (Peony)—Classic peony. Dark rose pink, double flower with an occasional stamen. Strong plant. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Scarlet O'Hara'** (Peony)—Single. Fiery red flowers. Robust, strong stems. Very long blooming. E.
- **PAEONIA 'Sea Shell'** (Peony)—A tall, single with large bright pink flowers and yellow centers. Good cut flower. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Shawnee Rose'** (Peony)—Double. Dusty rose-pink flower. Tall growing with sturdy stems. M to L.
- **PAEONIA 'Topka Garnet'** (Peony)—Single, rich garnet-red flower. Unique color. Abundant bloomer. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Vivid Rose'** (Peony)—Double. Bright pink, fragrant flowers. L.
- **PAEONIA 'Walter Faxon'** (Peony)—Double. Vivid shell-pink flower with a luminous intensity unique in peonies. Good stems and foliage. M.
- **PAEONIA 'Westerner'** (Peony)—Japanese type. 36” plant with large medium pink flowers with yellow centers. M.
- **PAEONIA x smouthii** (Peony)—Single. Brilliant magenta-red blooms with yellow stamens. Finely divided leaves. Native from Ural Mountains of Russia to Pamir Mountains of Central Asia. E. Rare. ca
R. ‘Victorian Memory’—Shrub/Climber—Origin unknown (a “found” variety), pink, fragrant.
R. rugosa alba—Species (Rugosa Rose)—c.1870, single, white, clove-scented flowers. Repeats. Hips and orange foliage in fall. 

Roses

Our custom is to offer you roses that have been grown on their own roots rather than grafted onto rootstock. These roses initially grow more slowly (hence their smaller size) but catch up to grafted roses in 2 to 3 years. In cold climates these roses tend to be hardier and remain true to the original variety should they die back to the ground in winter.

Old garden roses, modern shrub roses and pillar roses are gaining popularity among gardeners. Most are fragrant and many are disease resistant which lessens the need for chemical spraying. An annual application of organic fertilizer and compost is preferred for the one-time-blooming shrubs, with small additions of other fertilizers to boost the repeat bloomers. All are winter hardy and do not require “tipping.” The roses are listed by name and classification (Shrub, Alba, etc.) in accordance with ARS standards. The roses are potted for your convenience. The newly developing roots are fragile and may be damaged during transplanting which would cause growth set-back. Please use caution when spreading the root systems.

Old Garden roses are defined as those types or classes of roses which were in existence prior to 1867: Alba, Bourbon, Centifolia, Damascena, Gallica, Hybrid Foetida, Hybrid Multiflora, Hybrid Perpetual, Hybrid Spinosissima, Moss, Noisette, Portland and the species roses.

For more information on roses hardy in Minnesota, read the HRC rose researchers’ book, Roses for the North by K. Zuzek, M. Richards, S. McNamara and H. Pellett. It is available in the Andersen Horticultural Library and for sale in the Arboretum Gift Shop. Roses are found outside between the HOSTA BUILDING AND THE SHADE BUILDING.

R. ‘Belle Poitevine’—Hybrid Rugosa—1894 France, medium pink, very fragrant, hips.
R. ‘Captain Samuel Holland’—Shrub—1990 Canada, Explorer Series, Climber, medium red, slightly fragrant.
R. ‘Como Park’—Shrub—2009 U.S.A., Easy Elegance® Rose, double bright red blooms, recurrent. Dark, glossy green foliage is resistant to black spot.
R. ‘Darlow’s Enigma’—Hybrid Musk—Origin unknown (a “found” variety), pure white, fragrant, hips.
R. ‘JoAn’s Pink Perpetual’—Shrub/ Hybrid Perpetual—Origin unknown (a “found” variety from Fairmount Cemetery in Denver), deep rosy-pink very full blooms, fragrant.
R. ‘Marie Bugnet’—Shrub—1963 Canada, pure white, very fragrant, red canes.
R. ‘Nymphenburg’—Hybrid Musk/Shrub—1954 Germany, salmon-pink with lemon and deeper pink highlights, glossy dark green foliage, continuous bloom.
R. ‘Prairie Harvest’—Shrub—1985 U.S.A., Dr. Buck Rose, light yellow, sweet fragrance.
**Hosta**

It has been called the “Perfect Perennial” and offers a beautiful display from spring until frost. Walk through the Arboretum’s Hosta Glade on a hot summer day and notice how the lush green foliage cools your body as well as your mind. There is potential for such variety using Hosta in your garden. With heights ranging from 2” to 48”, shapes and textures so diverse and colors from blue to gold to green and to white, you could fill your garden with Hosta and not have two alike. Take time to look them over and talk to our informed volunteers, so you can make the right selection for your own garden. Hosta are found in the HOSTA BUILDING.

**MINI...10”**

- H. ‘Chartreuse Wiggles’ --Small chartreuse leaf with ruffled edge. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Fireworks’ --Creamy-white center with dark green margin; some streaking. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Little Treasure’--Creamy-white center with wide blue-green margin. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Pandora’s Box’ --White leaf center with wide dark green margin. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Popo’ --Small, round blue leaves make neat low mound. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Royal Tiara’--Narrow white center with pale green margin. Twisted habit. Lavender flower.

**MEDIUM...16-18”**

- H. ‘Citation’--Slightly wavy, apple-green leaf with creamy-yellow margin. Pale lavender flower.
- H. ‘Emerald Tiara’--Chartreuse leaf/dark green margin. Purple flower. 2010 Hosta of the Year
- H. ‘First Frost’ --Blue center with gold margin turns to dark green with cream margin. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Francee’--Dark green leaf/white margin. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Grand Prize’ --Green leaf with bright gold margin, aging to cream by summer. Dark purple flower.
- H. ‘Maui Buttercups’--Cupped and corrugated yellow leaf; good substance. Violet flower.
- H. ‘Pear Lake’ --Medium green leaf. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Queen Josephine’--Dark green leaf with wide yellow margin that turns creamy-white. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Remember Me’ --Bright creamy center with blue-green margin. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Risky Business’--Wide dark green margin with narrow white center, some twisting. Lavender flower.
- H. ‘Shade Fanfare’--Green leaf/white margin. Light lavender flower.
- H. ‘Silver Lance’--Dark green leaf/white margin. Medium lavender flower.
- H. ‘Sweet Innocence’--Apple-green leaf with wide white margin. Fragrant, near white flower.
- H. ‘Zuzu’s Petals’--Light green leaf with wide yellow margin. Lavender flower.
Auxiliary Quilt Raffle

Our 18th Annual Quilt is now on display in the Great Hall of the Oswald Visitor Center. This year’s masterpiece was created by the Auxiliary’s Traditional Quilting Group. It is named Willow Tree Garden.

This queen-sized quilt is machine pieced, hand appliquéd and machine quilted. It will be a treasured heirloom for some lucky winner. Tickets for the raffle may be purchased for only $2.00 each.

The drawing will be held during the Auxiliary’s Harvest Sale, September 25 at 2:00 pm. You need not be present to win.
Vines

Go vertical! Crawling up a trellis, enveloping an arch or just covering up that ugly wall, vines are essential to every garden. They take a couple of years to get going and need support to help them climb, but you will be amply rewarded with their sculptural form and abundant flowers. Grow two Clematis together or plant them at the base of a shrub to scramble up the branches. **Vines are found in the SUN TENT with the exception of the Vitis sp.** (Grapes) and Hydrangea which are located with the Trees and Shrubs at the north end of the HOSTA BUILDING.

**AMELOPsis aconitifolia** (Monk’s Hood Vine) – Delicate foliage, pinnately lobed often to the midrib. Bluish-black berries turn orange or yellow in fall. Fast growing vine, even in the shade.

**AMELOPsis brevipedunculata** ‘Elegans’ (Blue Porcelain Berry) – Outstanding berries are pea-sized and turn from pale lilac to yellow to porcelain blue as they ripen. Strong vine with tendrils for arbor or trellis. Young leaves are variegated and deeply lobed. Not a dense foliage screen. Outstanding fall color.

**CLEMATIS viticella** 'Venosa Violacea' – Rich pink with deep pink bars. Midsummer to late summer. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Viola'** – Deep blue-violet flowers. Late spring-early summer and late summer. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'The President'** – Petals are pink anthers and cream filaments. May. 3' dia. 15'/10 yrs. Zone 5. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Blekitny Aniol'** – Lavender blue flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Comtesse de Bouchaud'** (C. jackmanii hybrid) – Double flowers: lavender to French blue flowers. Prolific bloomer, strong root system. Needs full sun and well-drained soil. May. 8' dia. 15'/10 yrs. Zone 5. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Malaya Garnet'** – Pink flowers with yellow new growth, maturing to darker lime green. Aug.-Oct. 6 ft. 8 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Blekitny Aniol'** – Blue flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'H.F. Young'** – Lavender to French blue flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Allanah'** – Deep blue-violet flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Bloody Mary'** – Creamy white stamens. Midsummer to late summer. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Katherine'** – Lavender blue flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Comtesse de Bouchaud'** (C. jackmanii hybrid) – Double flowers: lavender to French blue flowers. Prolific bloomer, strong root system. Needs full sun and well-drained soil. May. 8' dia. 15'/10 yrs. Zone 5. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'Plena Elegans'** – Violet-purple rosette-shaped double flowers. July-Oct. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS x jackmanii** (Jackman Clematis) – 5-6' dia. rich purple flowers. June-Sept. 8-12. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

**CLEMATIS 'H.F. Young'** – Lavender to French blue flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.

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**CLEMATIS 'Allanah'** – Deep blue-violet flowers. June. 8 ft. 10 yrs. *Vitis can be found with the Trees and Shrubs*.
BUDDLEJEA davidii ‘Nanho Purple’ (Butterfly-bush)–4’-5’ Compact habit. Fragrant, bright purple flowers borne in spikes. Small blue-green foliage with silver undersides. For best flowering, prune to ground in spring. Butterflies love it! Zone 5

BUDDLEJEA davidii ‘Orchid Beauty’ (Butterfly-bush)–5’-6’ Panicles of fragrant, ruffle-like flowers. Compact habit.


BUDDLEJEA davidii ‘Potter’s Purple’ (Butterfly-bush)–5’-6’ Deep purple buds open to bluish-purple flowers with orange eyes. Summer to fall. Butterflies love it! Zone 5

BUDDLEJEA nanhoensis ‘Petitie Purple’ (Dwarf Butterfly-bush)–2’ Panicles of purple flowers from summer to fall. Grey-green foliage. Butterflies love it! Zone 5

CERCIS canadensis (Redbud)–20’-30’ Hx20-25’ W Vase-shaped habit. Small, purplish-pink, pea-like flowers are borne before the leaves appear in spring. Heart-shaped foliage turns brilliant yellow in fall. Edible flowers have a sharp acid flavor.

Grown from seed collected at the Minnesota Landscape Arboretum.


PHYSOCARPUS opulifolius ‘Center Glow’ (Ninebark) 4’ Hx3’ W Hardy. Brilliant red foliage in fall. Use this cultivar to attract butterflies. Zones 3-5

MAGNOLIA ‘Ann’ 5’ Hx5’ W Winter hardy. Flowers from late March to May. Use to pollinate I. v. ‘Sissinghurst’ or ‘Jim Dandy’ to pollinate.

JUNIPERUS communis ‘Gold Cone’ (Common Juniper) 5’ Hx4’ W Upright shape. Red stems and cone shaped foliage.

Use to pollinate I. v. ‘Sissinghurst’ or ‘Jim Dandy’ to pollinate.

BUDDLEJA nanhoensis ‘Pleniflora’ (Double Flowering Japanese Kerria) 5’ Hx5’ W Upright habit with red stems and cone-shaped flowers. Creamy-white to soft pink to ripe strawberry-red flowers cover this lovely, robust shrub from late summer to fall. Long lasting cut flowers. Prefers partial shade.

JARRELLE, a plant bred by I. J. Beck, from the U of MN Introduction.

BUDDLEJA nanhoensis ‘Petite Purple’ (Dwarf Butterfly-bush)–2’ Panicles of purple flowers from summer to fall. Grey-green foliage. Butterflies love it! Zone 5

CERCIS canadensis (Redbud)–20’-30’ Hx20-25’ W Vase-shaped habit. Small, purplish-pink, pea-like flowers are borne before the leaves appear in spring. Heart-shaped foliage turns brilliant yellow in fall. Edible flowers have a sharp acid flavor.

Grown from seed collected at the Minnesota Landscape Arboretum.


PHYSOCARPUS opulifolius ‘Center Glow’ (Ninebark) 4’ Hx3’ W Hardy. Brilliant red foliage in fall. Use this cultivar to attract butterflies. Zones 3-5

MAGNOLIA ‘Ann’ 5’ Hx5’ W Winter hardy. Flowers from late March to May. Use to pollinate I. v. ‘Sissinghurst’ or ‘Jim Dandy’ to pollinate.

JUNIPERUS communis ‘Gold Cone’ (Common Juniper) 5’ Hx4’ W Upright shape. Red stems and cone shaped foliage.

Use to pollinate I. v. ‘Sissinghurst’ or ‘Jim Dandy’ to pollinate.

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Woody Plants

RHODODENDRON 'Aglo' --3'-4'Hx3'-4'W Compact habit. Small dark green foliage turning mahogany in fall. Clusters of pink flowers in spring. Hardy to -24°F.

RHODODENDRON 'Haaga' --Marjatta Hybrid, Finland --5'7'Hx4'-5'W Upright habit. Attractive, dark green, coarse foliage. Pink flowers in spring. Buds hardy to -33°F.

RHODODENDRON 'Kalinka' --Pale purplish-pink flowers. Glossy dark green foliage with dark brown indumentum. 6'/10 yrs. Hardy to -15°F.

RHODODENDRON 'Northern Starburst' ---4'-5'Hx3'-5'W Rounded habit. Thick, leathery apple-green new foliage cinnamon in fall then purple-black. Clusters of intense mauve flowers in early spring.


RHUS typhina 'Bailitiger' Tiger Eyes® (Cutleaf Staghorn Sumac) --6'Hx6' W Upright, rounded habit. New growth is chartreuse changing to yellow which contrasts with the rosy-pink leaf stems. The branches angle upwards and the leaflets drape downwards creating an oriental look. A Bailey Nurseries introduction.

RIBES aureum var. villosum (Yellow Flowering Currant, Ckve Currant) --6' Clove scented yellow flowers in May. Black berries in late summer. Scarlet fall foliage. Attracts hummingbirds!

SAMBUCUS nigra 'Madonna' (Elder) --3'-5'Hx3'-5'W Broad, rounded habit. Variegated foliage has gold margins. Lacy, white flowers. Prefers partial shade. Deer resistant.


SPIRAEA japonica 'Flowering Choice' --15'-18'Hx12'-15'W Rounded habit. Purple-pink flowers fade to lighter pink and last all summer. Red new foliage matures to medium green. Purple-red fall foliage.


SPIRAEA japonica 'Norman' --2'-3'Hx3' W Compact, clump-forming deciduous shrub. Rosy-pink flowers over mint-green leaves. Raspberry-purple to red fall foliage. Grows well in sun or light shade. Attracts butterflies!

SPIRAEA x billardi [S. douglasii x S. salicifolia] --3'-6'Hx6' W Upright, thicket forming shrub. Purple-pink flowers from mid- to late summer. Mid- to dark green foliage.

SPIRAEA x bumalda 'Denistar' First Editions® (Superstar™) --2'-3'Hx3'-4'W Rounded habit. Scarlet-red new foliage matures to dark green. Pink flowers all summer. Bronze fall foliage.

SYRINGA meyeri 'Palbin' [S. palibinianan] --Tree Form (Dwarf Korean Lilac) --8'-9' Formal look; can be pruned into a ball on a trunk. Reddish-purple buds open to single, pale lilac, fragrant flowers. Dark green foliage.

VACCINIUM 'Chippewa' (Blueberry) --Firm, large, light blue berries with balanced flavor. Mid-season. U of MN Introduction.

VACCINIUM 'Polaris' (Blueberry) --30'-40' Firm, light blue berries of moderate size with balanced and highly aromatic flavor. Early season. U of MN Introduction.

VACCINIUM 'St. Cloud' (Blueberry) --4'-6'Hx3'-4'W Sweet and mild flavor. Ripens 4-6 days earlier than 'Northblue.' U of MN Introduction.

VACCINIUM 'Superior' (Blueberry) --4'-5'Hx3'-5'-W Firm and flavorful, hardy, late-midseason blueberry. Very productive. White flowers in May. Maroon foliage in October. U of MN Introduction.

VIBURNUM opulus 'Compactum' (Compact European Cranberry bush) --5'Hx5'-6' White flowers in April-May. Bright red fruit. Flowers and fruits well. Birds love the fruit!

VIBURNUM opulus 'Nanum' (Dwarf European Cranberry bush) --2'-3'Hx2'-4'W Low, dense mounding habit. Grows well in sun or shade, wet or heavy soils. Rarely flowers.

Wetland Plants

This year in the wetland area there will be Rain Garden Kits for sale: one for shady sites and one for sunny sites. Each kit will have approximately 40 plants, including approximately 15 different species, selected to thrive in our area. The following plants will also be sold individually.

CACALIA atriplicifolia (Indian Plantain) --3'-8' White flowers borne in many terminal clusters.

CALLA palustris (Water Arum) --OBLW --2'-3' Striking plant with white flowers. Sun to partial shade. May-June.

CALTHA palustris (Marsh Marigold) --OBLW --1'-3' Bright yellow-flowered native. Found near swamps and marshes. Heart-shaped leaves, fleshy stems. Sun to partial shade. May-June.

CAMPANULA Americana (Marsh Marigold) --5'Hx12'-7 W Racemes of flat, star-shaped pale blue flowers. Basal rosettes of softly hairy foliage. Allow to self-seed.

CYPRESS albastris 'Variegatus' (Variegated Broadleaf Umbrella Grass) --18' Foliaged streaked with creamy-white. Tolerates moist soil, but not submerged crown. Annual.

IRIS versicolor (Northern Blue Flag) --OBLW --2'-3' Beardless blue flowers splashed with yellow. Native wild iris found in wet soils. Self-sows freely. May-July.

LIATRIS punctata (Dotted Blazingstar, Dotted Gayfeather) --12'-30' Purple flowering spike. Last Blazingstar to bloom in fall.

LOBELIA cardinalis (Cardinal Flower) --3' Green foliage, scarlet spikes. Hardier than 'Queen Victoria.'

LOBELIA siphilitica (Big Blue Lobelia) --1'-3' Blue flowers. Native to moist or swampy woods. Late summer.

POLEMONIUM reptans (Creeping Jacob's Ladder) --2' China-blue bells. An attractive plant for the wild garden, may be divided after blooming. Self sows readily.


Tender Conifers for Containers

This year we are offering beautiful and unusual conifers for summer pots and urns. These ornamental conifers are NOT hardy in Zone 4. Find these tender conifers in a group together in the Shrub area near the HOSTA BUILDING.


CEDRUS deodara 'Electra Blue' (Himalayan Cedar)

CEDRUS deodara 'Gold Cone' (Himalayan Cedar) --Pyramidal tree with pendulous branches. Golden-yellow outer needles and blue-green inner needles.

CEDRUS libani 'Glaucia Pendula' (Lebanon Cedar) --Weeping habit. Long, stiff, dark green needles.

CEDRUS libani 'Green Knight' (Lebanon Cedar)

CHAMAECYPARIS lawsoniana 'Oregon Blue' (Lawson False Cypress)

CRYPTOMERIA japonica 'Elegans Aurea' (Japanese Cedar) --Upright habit. Bright green fluffy summer foliage.

CRYPTOMERIA japonica 'Sekkan-sugi' (Japanese Cedar) --Pyramidal to columnar habit. Yellowish-green fluffy summer foliage.

SEQUOIADENDRON giganteum 'Pendulum' (Giant Redwood) --Weeping habit. Rich green foliage.

SEQUOIADENDRON giganteum 'Powder Blue' (Giant Redwood) --Upright habit. Powderly-blue foliage.
**Ornamental Grasses**

Grasses are the foundation of North American Prairies. Short or tall, thriving in sun or shade, bog or prairie, grasses allow the gardener many design opportunities. Low mounding varieties for path edges or borders and the tall species are dramatic in every season. Their distinctive foliage and line add punctuation to the garden. Often thriving in minimal conditions, grasses are generally undemanding and easy care. The only routine maintenance is cutting back the plants in late winter/early spring to ready them for spring growth and foliage. Our selections are cultivated for ornamental value in the winter landscape and will retain their inflorescences in the garden or indoors as dried arrangements. Grasses are found on the picnic tables in front of the SHADE BUILDING.

**ACORUS calamus** ‘Variegatus’ (Variegated Sweet Flag)–2’-3’ Green with white stripes. Tolerates some shade. Likes damp soil. June-frost.

**ANDROPOGON gerardii** (Big Bluestem)–4’-6’ Colorful robust native, turns light red after frost. 3-part seed head resembles a turkey foot. Thrives in any soil.

**ARRHENATHERUM elatius** var. bulbosum ‘Variegatum’ (Bulbous Oat Grass)–1’-2’ White variegation, good for massing. Sun/part shade, a cool season grass. Summer.

**CALAMAGROSTIS arundinacea** var. brachytricha (Rush)–3’ Purple inflorescence in fall. Leaves with white centers.

**CAREX caryophyllea** ‘Beatlemania’ (Spring Sedge)–1’-2’ Golden yellow in fall. Excellent blue color. Strong grower.

**CAREX caespitosa** ‘Golden King’ (Tall Tufted Hair Grass)–4’-5’ Violet-purple inflorescence. Good for screen planting.

**CAREX caryophyllea** ‘Overdam.’–2’ Golden yellow in fall. Great for sun as a specimen plant.

**CAREX siderosticha** ‘Variegata’ (Plantain Grass)–3’-6’ Interesting blue variegation. Palest blues. Medium texture.

**CAREX nigra** ‘Variegata’ (Black Blooming Sedge)–3’-6’ Bronze-purple flowers, interesting blue variegation.

**CAREX muskingumensis** ‘Oehme’ (Palm Sedge Grass)–Interesting palm frond foliage.

**CAREX plantagenia** ‘Mountain Yodel’ (Plantain Grass)–1’-2’ Interesting blue variegation. Palest blues. Medium texture.

**CAREX viridula** ‘Sparkling Sapphire’ (Sparkling variegation. Palest blues. Medium texture.

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**Herbs**

Herbs are valued in the garden for their flavor, fragrance, medicinal and healthful qualities. Stop by our Herb Building and breathe in the aromas! For more information on herbs and medicinals browse the books in the Andersen Horticultural Library or the Arboretum Gift Shop. *You will find Herbs in the HERB BUILDING.*

A-Annual  AR-Aroma therapy  P-Perennial  K-Kitchen  
TP-Tender Perennial  DR-Suitable for Drying  B-Biennial  
O-Ornamental  M-Medicinal

**ALOE** (Aloe vera)  A. barbadensis  ssp 1–1’ Used to treat burns and rashes. TP  -  M
**BASIL, ARARAT** (Occimum basilicum ‘Ararat’) –24’ Sweet with licorice overtone. Good for salad, pesto, tomato dishes.  A  -  K
**BASIL, CINNAMON** (Occimum basilicum ‘Cinnamon’) –24’ Tiny leaves, fragrant and tasty. A  -  K
**BASIL, GENOVESE** (Occimum basilicum ‘Genovese’) –30’ Dark green leaf. Good for pesto. Resistant to fusarium.  A  -  K
**BASIL, GREEK MINI** (Occimum basilicum ‘Greek Mini’) –9’ Tiny leaves are fragrant and tasty. Compact. Good for containers.  A  -  K
**BASIL, MAGICAL MICHAEL** (Occimum basilicum ‘Magical Michael’) –15’ Rich oils, aroma and sweet basil flavor. Use purple and white flowers for salads, garnish.  A  -  K
**BASIL, MRS. BURNS LEMON** (Occimum basilicum ‘Mrs. Burns’) –Lemon scent and flavor.  A -  AR,K
**BASIL, NAPOLETANO** (Occimum basilicum ‘Napoletano’) –18’ Sweet fragrance, rich flavor.  A  -  K
**BASIL, RED RUBIN** (Occimum basilicum ‘Red Rubin’) –24’ Use in purple pesto.  A  -  K
**BASIL, THAI SIAM QUEEN** (Occimum basilicum ‘Thai Siam Queen’) –24’Intense licorice aroma. A  -  K
**BAY, SWEET** (Laurus nobilis) –Nothing better than fresh bay! TP  -  AR,K
**BUTTERFLY-BUSH, NANHO BLUE** (Buddleja ‘Nanho Blue’) –6’ Long blue flower stems. Attracts butterflies! TTP  -  O
**BUTTERFLY-BUSH, SUMMER ROSE** (Buddleja ‘Summer Rose’) –6’ Fragrant mauve-rose flowers. Good cut flower. Attracts butterflies! TP  -  O
**CALEANULA, FIESTA MIX** (Calendula officinalis ‘Fiesta Mix’) –18–24’ Mixed colors of yellow to orange. Flowers used in dyes. A  -  AR,K,DR,O,M
**CHIVES, GARLIC** (Allium tuberosum) –18’ Good for meats, fish, salad. P  -  K
**CHIVES, ONION** (Allium schoenoprasum) –10’Mild garlic flavor. P  -  K
**CILANTRO** (Coriandrum sativum) –2–3’ Grown for fresh leaves.  A  -  K
**DILL, FERNLEAF** (Anethum graveolens ‘Fernleaf’) –18’ Good container plant. A  -  K
**DILL, HERCULES** (Anethum graveolens ‘Hercules’) –18’ New variety, stays green longer. A  -  K
**FENNEL, BRONZE** (Foeniculum vulgare ‘Purpureum’) –3’ Copper foliage. A  -  K
**FENNEL, ZEFA FINO** (Foeniculum vulgare azoricum) –2’ Bulb with anise flavor. A  -  K
**HOPS** — Mixed varieties (Humulus lupulus) –12’ Vine. Flowers used for sleep pillows and beer. P  -  K
**JOHNNY JUMP-UP** (Viola tricolor ‘Helen Mount’) –8’ Purple, white, yellow, and lilac flowers. A  -  DR,K,O
**LANTANA, CONFETTI** (Lantana camara ‘Confetti’) –24’ Spreading habit. Hummingbirds love the pink, yellow, and orange flowers! TP  -  O
**LANTANA, TRAILING PURPLE** (Lantana montevideensis) –24’ Profuse lavender blooms, late spring to frost. Attracts hummingbirds! TP  -  O
**LAVENDER, ENGLISH** (Lavandula angustifolia) –2’ Sweet scent. Excellent dried. P  -  AR,DR,K,O
**LAVENDER, FRINGED** (Lavandula dentata) –2’ Dry flower heads for potpourri. TP  -  AR,DR,K,O
**LAVENDER, HIDCOTE** (Lavandula angustifolia ‘Hidcote’) –2’ Deep blue flower. Excellent dried. P  -  AR,DR,K,O
**LAVENDER, MUNSTEAD** (Lavandula angustifolia ‘Munstead’) –30’ Strongly scented. P  -  AR,DR,K,O
**LEMON BALM** (Melissa officinalis) –30’ Lemon-mint flavored leaves. P  -  AR,K,M
**LEMON GRASS** (Cymbogon citratus) –2–3’ Used in Asian dishes. TP  -  K
**LEMON VERBENA** (Aloysia triphylla) –3’ Best lemon flavor of any herb. TP  -  AR,K
**MARIGOLD, LEMON GEM MINI** (Tagetes tenuifolia ‘Lemon Gem Mini’) –12’ Edible in vegetables and pasta. A  -  K,O

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**MARIGOLD, ORANGE GEM** (Tagetes tenuifolia ‘Orange Gem’) –15’ Bright orange flower. A  -  K,O
**MARRIOTTAM, SWEET** (Origanum majorana) –12’ Very fragrant with white flower. A  -  AR,K
**MINT, CHOCOLATE** (Mentha piperita) –15’ Strong flavor. P  -  AR,K
**MINT, JIM’S SPEAR** (Mentha spicata) –30’ Mint jelly, sauce, and tea. P  -  AR,K,M
**MINT, KENTUCKY COLONEL SPEAR** (Mentha spicata ‘Kentucky Colonel’) –30’Excellent flavor for mint jelly, sauce, and tea. P  -  AR,K,M
**MINT, PEPPER** (Mentha x piperita) –30’ Aids in reducing mental fatigue, and in digestion. P  -  AR,K,M
**MORNING GLORY, CARDINAL** (Ipomoea x multifida) –6–10’ Long-blooming bright red 1” flowers. A  -  O
**MORNING GLORY, GRANDPA O’TO’ (Ipomoea impressalis ‘Grandpa O’To’) –8–10’ Deep velvety royal purple flowers. A  -  O
**MORNING GLORY, HEAVENLY BLUE** (Ipomoea impressalis ‘Heavenly Blue’) –6–8’ Sky blue trumpet flowers with white throats. A  -  O
**NASTERTIUM, ALASKA** (Tropaeolum majus) –8’ Bush type with variegated leaves. A  -  K,O
**NASTERTIUM, EMPRESS OF INDIA** (Tropaeolum sp.) –12’ Deep purple foliage with deep orange flowers. A  -  O
**NASTERTIUM, STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM** (Tropaeolum sp.) –12’ Peachy-c线索 with 4 large strawberry blotches. A  -  K,O
**NASTERTIUM, TRAILING** (Tropaeolum majus) –15”Fragrant single and double flowers. A  -  K,O
**ONION, ORNAMENTAL** (Allium senescens ‘Glaucum’) –8’ Blue foliage, pink flower. P  -  O
**OREGANO, CREEPING** (Origanum vulgare ‘Humile’) –6’ Low, creeping, slight fragrance. TP  -  K
**OREGANO, CUBAN** (Plectranthus sp.) –12’ Ornamental trailing herb. TP  -  O
**OREGANO, HERRENHAUSEN** (Origanum laevigatum ‘Herrenhausen’) –2’ Sweet fruit scent. Dried weed (dill pickles!) It is a cool season herb of the year for 2010. TP  -  K
**OREGANO, ITALIAN** (Origanum vulgare hirtum) –10’ Excellent in Italian dishes. TP  -  K
**OREGANO, KENT BEAUTY** (Origanum rotundifolium ‘Kent Beauty’) –12” Trail-herb with silver veining on round green leaves; pink flowers. TP  -  O
**PARSLEY, CURLY** (Petroselinum crispum ‘Kent Beauty’) –12’ More than a garnish! B  -  K
**PARSLEY, ITALIAN** (Petroselinum crispum neapolitanum) –18” Flatleaved. Stronger flavor than curly. B  -  K
**PATCHOULI** (Pogostemon cablin) –12’ Shrub-like plant with large leaves; mint and sandalwood aroma. TP  -  AR,DR
**ROSEMARY, CREEPING** (Rosmarinus officinalis ‘Prostratus’) –Trailing habit. TP  -  AR,K,O
**ROSEMARY, SHADY ACRES** (Rosmarinus officinalis ‘Shady Acres’) –Strong upright growth. Dark green leaf. Heavy aroma, flavorful. TP  -  AR,K,O
**RUNNER BEAN, SCARLET** (Phaseolus coccineus) –Upright growth. TP  -  AR,K,O

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**Dill**

**(Anethum graveolens)**

The International Herb Association has selected **Dill as the herb of the year for 2010.** Cultivated for culinary and medicinal purposes, for over 5,000 years in the Mediterranean and western Asia, its dark-blue green foliage is highly fragrant as a fresh herb in salads or dried weed (dill pickles!) It is a cool season annual plant that often self-seeds. Try the classic salmon with Dill and taste Spring! You can find Dill in the Herb Building.
SAGE, GARDEN (Salvia officinalis) -- 2’ Leaves used in poultry, pork, tea.
P - DR, K, M
SAGE, BERGGARTEN (Salvia officinalis ‘Berggarten’) -- 18” Use fresh and dried.
P - K, DR, O
SAGE, FRIEDA DIXON (Salvia elegans ‘Frieda Dixon’) -- 30” Red flowers in fall. Like Pineapple Sage. TP - K
SAGE, GARDEN (Salvia officinalis) -- 2’ Leaves used in poultry, pork, tea.
P - DR, K, M
SAGE, GOLDEN (Salvia officinalis ‘Icterina’) -- 12” Ornamental and decorative.
TP - K
SAGE, PINEAPPLE (Salvia elegans) -- 3’ Sweet sage, fresh in the garden. TP - K
SAGE, PURPLE (Salvia officinalis ‘Purpurea’) -- 2’ Adds color and texture to the garden. TP - K, DR, O
SAGE, TEXAS (Salvia coccinea) -- 3’ Bright red flower. A - O
SAGE, TRICOLOR (Salvia officinalis ‘Tricolor’) -- 15” Variegated red, purple, and white. A - O
SAVORY, SUMMER (Satureja hortensis) -- 2’4” Flavor meats, beans, and fish. A - K
SOLOMON’S SEAL, VARIEGATED (Polygonatum falcatum ‘Variegatum’) -- 2’4” White flowers, dark berries, variegated foliage. P - O
STEVIA (Stevia rebaudiana) -- 30” Dried leaves used as sweetener. TP - K
TARRAGON, FRENCH (Artemisia dracunculus sativa) -- 3’ Licorice taste. P - K
THYME, FRENCH (Thymus vulgaris) -- 10” Best for cooking. TP - K
THYME, GOLDEN LEMON VARIEGATED (Thymus x citriodorus ‘Aureus’) -- 8” Lemon scented. TP - AR, K, O
THYME, LEMON (Thymus x citriodorus) -- 6’ Creeping. Lemon flavor. P - AR, K
THYME, MINUS (Thymus praecox ssp. arcticus ‘Minor’) -- 1’ Creeping. Hairy leaves, pink flower. P - O
THYME, RED CREEPING (Thymus praecox ssp. arcticus ‘Coccineus’) -- 2’ Bright crimson-magenta flowers. P - O
THYME, SILVER POSIE (Thymus vulgaris ‘Silver Posie’) -- 8” Silver/white/green leaves. P - K
TITHONIA, TORCH (Tithonia speciosa) -- 5-6’ Velvety dark green leaves. Butterflies love this! A - O
WOODRUFF, SWEET (Galium odoratum) -- 8” White flower. Prefers shade; acid soils. Sweet-scented leaves have been used in wines and liqueurs. P - AR, K
ZINNIA, SWIZZLE CHERRY & IVORY (Zinnia elegans) -- 12” Cherry-red petals with white tips. A - O
ZINNIA, SWIZZLE SCARLET YELLOW (Zinnia elegans) -- 12” Scarlet-red petals with golden-yellow tips. A - O

HERB BOWLS, FAIRY GARDENS
AND
MINIATURE GARDENS!

Available again this year are our wonderful 18” bowls of herbs created by Theresa Mieseler, a well-known local herb grower and educator. These small herb gardens are perfect to place conveniently near your back door so that you can harvest a few leaves while you are cooking. Theresa has also created whimsical Fairy Gardens in terra cotta pots that will delight you or your friends as a gift. Find these in the HERB BUILDING.

Also available are the miniature houses, tools, furniture and other items to help you create your own miniature or fairy garden. Miniature Gardens and Fairy Gardens are an excellent way to involve children in gardening! Find the Fairy Garden supplies near the HOSTA BUILDING.

Complete your small world with miniature plants located in the SUN TENT and in the HERB and SHADE BUILDINGS.

Scented Geraniums

These Geraniums (or Pelargonium) are grown for the scent of their leaves rather than their flowers. The variety of fragrances range from rose, pine, and mint, to fruity or spicy. Their flowers are usually small, but there is great variation in the foliage. Some leaves are variegated, some frilled, and some deeply lobed. Being a tender perennial in Minnesota, they need to come in before winter. They grow beautifully in planters in full sun. Each time you brush past them, their scent lifts your spirits. Find many varieties of Scented Geraniums in the HERB BUILDING.

Annuals and Hanging Baskets

Looking for unusual annuals to plant in your window boxes or containers? Find them at the Auxiliary’s Spring Plant Sale. They are located on the tables near the HOSTA BUILDING.

We are also offering pre-planted 10” hanging baskets and containers filled with a variety of annuals. Find these pre-planted containers near the HOSTA BUILDING.
Vegetables

Vegetables are found in the HERB BUILDING.

ARUGULA/ROCKET ‘Runaway’ 40 Days Peppery flavor, salald green.

ASPARAGUS ‘Jersey Knight’ High % of male plants—larger spears. Needs deep, well-drained, sandy loam.

BEAN ‘Kentucky Wonder’ 65 Days 7-8” long pole bean. Eating, freezing, canning.

BLUEBERRY, NORTH BLUE ( Vaccinium ‘North Blue’) Dark blue fruit.

U of MN Introduction.

BLUEBERRY, NORTH COUNTRY (Vaccinium ‘North Country’) 15-40” x 30-60” Medium, sky-blue berries. Sweet, fresh flavor.


BROCCOLI ‘Gypsy’ 58 Days Mildew resistant and heat tolerant.

CASTRAVE ‘Stonehead’ 6” Early. Good for salads.

CANTALOUGE, AMISH 85 Days Heirloom with rich, sweet flavor. Oval fruit, 4-7 lbs.

CANTALOUGE, SARAH’S CHOICE Early and productive. 2 lb. fruit.

CAULIFLOWER ‘Snow Crown’ 50 Days Early, dependable, easy to grow.

CELERY ‘Conquistador’ Early. Flavorful, crisp.

CUCUMBER ‘Caribbean Red’ 75 Days Hot. Long, slender fruit.

CUCUMBER ‘Cool Breeze’ 45 Days Non bitter. Free of cucumber bitter.

CELERY ‘Conquistador’ Early, flavorful, crisp.

CUCUMBER ‘Lady Bell’ 75 Days Sweet, Prolific, dependable.

CUCUMBER ‘Ace’ 50 Days Heavy producer, never bitter.

CUCUMBER ‘Spacemaster’ 60 Days 7 1/2” dark green fruits for salads. Grows well in containers.

CUCUMBER ‘Suyo Long’ 61 Days Bitter-free.

EGGPLANT ‘Calliope’ 45 Days Purple, 1 1/2” at maturity.

EGGPLANT ‘Dusky’ 60 Days Fine flower, jet black.

EGGPLANT ‘Ghostbuster’ 80 Days White skinned, sweeter than purple.

EGGPLANT ‘Little Fingers’ 60 Days Great for pickling.

EGGPLANT ‘Vittoria’ 61 Days Dark purplish-black glossy fruit, 2” x 9” Perfect for uniform slices.

GOOSEBERRY ‘Pixwell’ (Ribes sp.) Large green berries ripen to pale pink for fresh eating, pies, preserves. Drought tolerant perennial. Self-pollinating. No spines!

KALE ‘Redbor’ 55 Days Tall Deepest red foliage. Good for garnishing, cooking.

LETTUCE ‘Buttercrunch’ 64 Days Tightly bunched, dark green leaves.


ONION ‘Norstar’ 80 Days Early, globe form, mild flavor. Stores well.

ONION ‘Red Wing’ 105 Days Purple-red skin. Early, dries well.


ONION ‘Walla Walla’ 110 Days Large, fragrant, juicy, sweetly mild.

PEPPER ‘Ace’ 50 Days Sweet. Green fruit turns red.

PEPPER ‘Anahiem’ 68 Days—Hot Pick red or green—canned or fresh.

PEPPER ‘Ancho Ranchero’ 70 Days—Hot Beautiful red fruit on tall plant.

PEPPER ‘Ariane’ 68 Days—Sweet Orange bell pepper. thick, crunchy flesh. Early.

PEPPER ‘Bell Boy’ 65 Days—Sweet Green fruit turns red.

PEPPER ‘Caribbean Red’ 75 Days—Ultra Hot Ripens lime green to red. Red ripe version of ‘Habanero’.

PEPPER ‘Cayenne’ 70 Days—Hot Long, slender fruit. Pickling, canning, and drying.

PEPPER ‘Chocolate Beauty’ 58 Days—Sweet Dark bell pepper.

PEPPER ‘Garden Salsa’ 73 Days—Hot, hotter in dry weather Green fruit turns to red.

PEPPER ‘Gourmet’ 65 Days—Sweet Orange bell with thick juicy walls and fruity sweet taste.

PEPPER ‘Habanero’ 85 Days—Very Hot Used in salsa.

PEPPER ‘Hungarian Yellow’ 70 Days—Hot High yield, yellow to red. Pickling.

PEPPER ‘Jalapeño’ 75 Days—Hot Thick-walled fruit turns from dark green to red.

PEPPER ‘Lady Bell’ 72 Days—Sweet Prolific, dependable.

PEPPER ‘Mini Bell Red’ 90 Days—Sweet Pickling, eating, canning.

PEPPER ‘Napoleon Sweet’ 70-90 Days—Sweet good, mild flavor when green, sweeter when red. Bears 8” x 4” fruits until frost.


PEPPER ‘Rainbow Mix’—65-70 Day—Sweet 4 quality bell pepper hybrids.

PEPPER ‘Red Beauty’ 68 Days—Sweet Sweet and juicy, stores well.

PEPPER ‘Roumanian Window’ 60 Days—Sweet Multi-colored 4-5” fruit: irony to orange to red.

PEPPER ‘Salsa Mix’ Hot and Sweet Lantern, Mita, Bell Boy, and Serrano.

PEPPER ‘Serrano’ 68 Days—Very hot 2” fruits, perfect for salsa.

PEPPER ‘Sweet Banana’ 70 Days—Sweet 6” long, pointed fruit.

PEPPER ‘Sweet Chocolate’ 58 Days—Sweet Ripens to rich chocolate-brown.

PEPPER ‘Thai Hot’ 40 Days—Hot Good container plant, dries well.

PEPPER ‘Tolli Sweet’ 75 Days—Sweet Eating, canning, sauces.

PUMPKIN ‘Dill Atlantic Giant’ 130 Days The giant pumpkin record holder, >1300 lbs. Consistent at 400-500 lbs. with proper growing procedures. Color from yellow to orange.


RASPBERRY ‘Caroline’ (Rubus ‘Caroline’) Large, flavorful fruit. Vigorous. Disease resistant. Most productive for the Midwest. Fall bearing.

RHUBARB ‘Canada Red’ (Rheum rhabarbarum ‘Canada Red’) 30” Stalks used for pie and jam. One of the sweetest red rhubarbs. Leaf blades toxic to humans and animals.

SPINACH ‘Red Malabar Climbing’ (Basella malabar) 20-30 Climbing. Tasty fresh or cooked.

SQUASH ‘Bettum’ 88 Days Flavorful, medium-sized butternut.

SQUASH ‘Sweet Dumpling’ 100 Days 4-5” ivory and green acorn.

SQUASH ‘Table Gold Acorn’ 80 Days Nutty-flavored yellow flesh. Stores well, similar to green acorn.

SQUASH, PATTY PAN STARSHIP Medium green, scalloped.

STRAWBERRY, FORT LARAMIE Large berries, high yield, everbearing. Very hardy.

STRAWBERRY, ITASCA June bearing.

STRAWBERRY, JEWEL Large, bright red fruit. Tasty. June bearing.

STRAWBERRY, MESSAB Delicious. June bearing.

STRAWBERRY, OZARK Everbearing.


SWISS CHARD ‘Bright Lights’ 60 Days Colorful stems, green-bronze foliage.

SWISS CHARD ‘Rhubarb Red’ 59 Days Bright red leaves and stems.

TOMATO ‘Amish Paste’ 85 Days Good sweet flavor. Paste type.

TOMATO ‘Better Boy’ 75 Days Heavy yields of large, globe-shaped red fruit. Foliage protects fruit.

TOMATO ‘Better Bush’ 68 Days Early, sweet and meaty, good in containers.

TOMATO ‘Big Beef’ 75 Days Beefsteak flavor, heavy yields. 12 oz. fruits.

TOMATO ‘Big Boy’ 78 Days Large fruit, heavy producer.

TOMATO ‘Black Krim’ 70 Days Excellent full flavor. 4-5” globes. Heirloom.

TOMATO ‘Brandywine Yellow’ 90 Days—12-24 oz. Excellent flavor, perfect for gourmet cuisine.

TOMATO ‘Brandywine’ 78 Days Large fruit, best staked. Heirloom.

TOMATO ‘Carnello’ 70 Days Very productive.

TOMATO ‘Caspian Pink’ 80 Days Deep red fruit, delicious flavor.

TOMATO ‘Celebrity’ 70 Days Firm red fruit, vigorous vines.

TOMATO ‘Early Girl’ 54 Days Good slicing tomatoes.


TOMATO ‘Green Zebra’ 75 Days Sweet and spicy, dark green stripes.

TOMATO ‘Heirloom Mix’ Brandywine, Mr. Stripey, Principe Borghese, Caspian Pink.’

TOMATO ‘Jaune Flamme’ 60 Days French heirloom with high flavor, balanced sugar/acid. Fruits in clusters of 8-12.

TOMATO ‘Juliet’ 60 Days Deep red, shiny fruits with rich flavor. 12-18 fruit sets per cluster. Great for salsa and fresh pasta sauce.

TOMATO ‘Keepsake’ 70 Days Great flavor, long shelf life. 7-8 oz. fruits. Prolific.

TOMATO ‘Lemon Boy’ 70 Days Lemon-yellow 7-8 oz. fruits.

TOMATO ‘Moskvich’ 60 Days Ripens early.

TOMATO ‘Nebraska Wedding’ 90 Days—Excellent flavor, orange fruit.

TOMATO ‘Pineapple’ 85 Days Sweet and fruity flavor. 2 lb. fruits.


TOMATO ‘Roma’ 76 Days For salsa, stews, ketchup, and paste. Heavy producer.

TOMATO ‘Salsa Mix’ Brandywine, Jet Star, Sausage, Soldacki.

TOMATO ‘Sausage’ 75 Days Great paste tomato—sauces and catsup.

TOMATO ‘Soldacki’ 75 Days—Dark pink heirloom variety with low acid and intensely sweet flavor. 16 ozs.


TOMATO ‘Sungold’ 57 Days—Yellow-orange, bite size.

TOMATO ‘Supersweet’ 65 Days Bite-sized sweet cherry tomato.

TOMATO ‘Sweet Million’ 60 Days Super sweet cherry tomato.

TOMATO ‘Yellow Pearl’ 70 Days 1 1/2” x 1” fruits for salads or pickling.

WATERMELON ‘Crimson Sweet’ 85 Days Dark and light green striped skin. Orange-red flesh is crisp and flavorful. 15-25 pound fruit is 10x12”.

WATERMELON ‘Sugar Baby’ 70 Days—Flavorful 8-10 pound fruit is 6-8” dia.

ZUCCHINI ‘Gold Rush’ 50 Days Compact, easy to pick.


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Prairie

Lanscaping with native plants brings not only beauty to an area but attracts many varieties of birds and butterflies all season. These natural landscapes require no fertilizers, pesticides or chemical sprays and are easy to maintain and friendly to the environment. Seeds for these plants were gathered in this area, nursery grown and none have been dug from the wild. Some plants are two to three years old while others are smaller. Prairie plants are found on the north side of the SHADE BUILDING.

*ACTAEA racemosa* [CIMICIFUGA racemosa] (Snakeroot, Black Cohosh)--6'-8' Showy white plumes. Rich moist soil, shade to part shade in back of border. Fern-like foliage. Root is used medicinally as a sedative.

*AMORPHA nana* (Fragrant False Indigo)--2' Brighter green foliage than Leadplant because foliage not hairy. Purplish-red flower.

*ASCLEPIAS incarnata* (Swamp Milkweed)--2'-4' Dusty pink flowers in summer. Native.

*ASTER azureus* (Sky Blue Aster)--2'-3' Bright blue flowers in July. Medium to very dry soils, spread by rhizomes forming dense patches. Major plant of original prairies.


*ASTER puniceus* (Swamp Aster)--3'-5' Purple-pink flowers. Grows taller in moist, swampy sites. Native.

### Perennial Plant of the Year for 2010

*BAPTISIA australis* (Blue Wild Indigo)--3'-4' Spikes of blue pea-like blooms in June, black seed pods useful in dried arrangements. Clover-shaped foliage of blue-green. Good cutting flower as well. Light acid soil, full sun to partial shade.


*FILIPENDULA rubra* (Queen-of-the-Prairie)--8' Large plumes of fragrant, peach-pink flowers in early to midsummer. In fall, the mature seed-heads have a rather interesting pinkish cast to them. Well-suited to massing.

*GENTIANA andrewsii* (Bottle Gentian)--12” Blue bottle-shaped flowers that never open. Long-lived, forming clumps. For open moist areas with good drainage and cool temperatures. Divide in spring.

*GERANIUM maculatum* (Wild Geranium, Spotted Geranium)--12-20” Violet flowers in May-June. Excellent for the border or wild garden. Rich soil and sunny to partially shady, moist locations are best. Native.

*GEUM triflorum* (Prairie Smoke)--18” Nodding mauve flowers. Feathery seed heads.

*HETEROTHECA villosa* (Golden Prairie Aster)--1-2’ Yellow flower in late summer.

*LIATRIS pycnostachya* (Kansas Gayfeather)--8’ Dainty white and yellow daisy-like flowers.

*MONARDA fistulosa* (Wild Bergamot)--2-3’ Lavender or pinkish bracts tinged with lilac. Showy, native bee-balm. Very broad range of soil types.

*PARTHENANTHEMUM virginianum* (Mountain Mint)--2’-3’ Minty, fragrant native. White flower.

*SILPHIUM laciniatum* (Compass Plant)--8-10’ A tall, coarse, rough-stemmed perennial with large alternate pinnately-lobed leaves. Bright showy yellow flowers. 4” dia. Mid-to-late summer bloom.

*SOLIDAGO riddelli* (Riddell’s Goldenrod)--1-3’ Yellow flower. Fine upright blossom spikes.


*VERONICAstrum virginicum* (Culver’s-root)--3-6’ Delicate white flowers. A good background plant for the wild garden. Does well in sun or part shade, moderately acid soil. July-Aug.

*ZIZIA aurea* (Golden Alexander)--1-3’ This erect member of the parsley family has a compound umbel of tiny yellow flowers. Wonderful for dried arrangements.

### Andersen Horticultural Library

The Andersen Horticultural Library is a non-circulating reading and reference library, part of the University of Minnesota library system and the only horticultural research library in the Upper Midwest. The collection includes 10,000 volumes, more than 500 periodicals on horticulture, botany, natural history and landscape architecture. It maintains one of the largest seed and nursery catalogue collections in the country, including over 1,200 current and over 100,000 historical catalogues dating to the mid-1800’s.

Whether you are an Arboretum visitor who wants to know more about an interesting tree you’ve seen, a scholar who wants to research the origin of plant species or an avid gardener who wishes to locate a rare plant for your own garden, then you need to visit the Andersen Horticultural Library in the Snyder Building at the Minnesota Landscape Arboretum. There are friendly and knowledgeable staff on hand to help.
**Please Note:**

To the best of our knowledge, the plant material we offer is hardy in the Twin Cities area. In the case of borderline hardiness, it is so noted. There are always variables over which we have no control, and therefore we cannot offer a guarantee or a refund. Information in this list is based on how plants will perform in Zone 3-4 in the Upper Midwest. Being an annual fundraising event, please understand that we cannot replace plants. Thank you for attending the **Spring Plant Sale**!

The Minnesota Landscape Arboretum Auxiliary